## THE <br> OXYRHYNCHUS PAPYRI

## VOLUME XXXIV

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## PREFACE

In content this is a mixed volume, since it offers texts of the New Testament and manuscripts of both new and already known works of Greek literature as well as a selection of especially interesting documents. The lion's share of the editorial work has been done by Dr. Rea (29 out of the total of 50 items) ; I2 papyrus manuscripts of Apollonius Rhodius are published by Professor Kingston ; the two New Testament manuscripts and 5 of the documents have been prepared by Mr. P. Parsons; and a Thucydides and a documentary application have been studied by Mr. L. Ingrams. Detailed responsibility for individual texts is set out in the Table of Papyri

The editors are happy to acknowledge much help from others. The pieces of Apollonius Rhodius were identified by Mr. E. Lobel. Valuable suggestions for the understanding of 2687 have been contributed by Miss A. M. Dale and Professor R. P. Winnington-Ingram, and the time and thought given to the elucidation of its difficulties by the latter have been particularly prized. It is hoped that other obligations are given their due at the proper occasion.

The new manuscripts of Apollonius were assembled some eight years ago. Since work on them began, further fragments of this author have been identified (including pieces in the same hand as 2694, see p. 50 n.). No doubt pieces will continue to be found. But the work done by Professor Kingston makes a substantial contribution to the textual problems associated with this author's verses, and it is not desirable to hold up what has already been achieved in the interests of a probably unattainable completeness.

Dr. Rea has added the preparation of the Indexes to the other obligations for which the general editors would like to record their gratitude. They would like also to express their thanks to Messrs. Clark for coping handsomely and accurately with a complicated piece of printing ; and to Miss Mary Cosh for typing the texts of the Apollonius Rhodius pieces.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { E. G. Turner } \\ \text { T. C. Skeat }\end{array}\right\}_{\text {MEMOIRS }}^{\text {Joint binitoman }}$


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$$
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$$

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## NOTE ON THE METHOD OF PUBLICATION AND ABBREVIATIONS

The method of publication follows that adopted in Part XXXIII．As there， the dots indicating letters unread and，within square brackets，the estimated number of lost letters are printed slightly below the line．In the new literary texts，corrections and annotations which appear to be in a different hand from that of the original scribe are printed in thick type．Non－literary texts are printed in modern form，with accents and punctuation，the lectional signs oc－ curring in the papyri being noted in the apparatus criticus，where also faults of orthography，etc．，are corrected．Iota adscript is printed where written，other－ wise iota subscript is used．Square brackets［ ］indicate a lacuna，round brackets（）the resolution of a symbol or abbreviation，angular brackets 〈〉 a mistaken omission in the original，braces \｛\} superfluous letters or signs, double square brackets 【】 a deletion，the signs＇＇an insertion above the line．Dots within brackets represent the estimated number of letters lost or deleted， dots outside brackets mutilated or otherwise illegible letters．Dots under letters indicate that the reading is doubtful．Letters not read or marked as doubtful in the literal transcript may be read or appear without the dot marking doubt in the reconstruction，if the context justifies this．

Heavy Arabic numerals refer to Oxyrhynchus papyri printed in this and preceding volumes，ordinary numerals to lines，small Roman numerals to columns．
The abbreviations used are in the main identical with those in E．G．Turner， Greek Papyri：an Introduction（1968）．It is hoped that any new ones will be self－explanatory．

## TEXTS OF THE NEW TESTAMENT

2683．New Testament ：Matthew xxiii 30－4，35－9

$$
4 \cdot 6 \times 7 \mathrm{~cm} . \quad \text { Later second century }
$$

This fragment comes from a papyrus codex．Only one of the margins is preserved（the left in $a$ ，the verso，and the right in $b$ ，the recto）．The writing，de－ licately executed with a fine pen，belongs to the same style as 1082：$\epsilon \theta$ o and c are generally tall，narrow and angular；hypsilon appears four times as a shaft topped with a sweeping shallow curve（as in P．Ant．26，an extreme example of the manner）．Hands of this type are normally assigned to the later second century A．D．：see $\mathbf{2 6 6 3}$ ，introduction． 2683 therefore belongs among the oldest New Testament texts．

Punctuation is by middle stop and paragraphos．The scribe writes trema in expected places，and once a rough breathing．A blank line－end marks the new paragraph，$b 6$ ，as e．g．in P．Bodmer ii．

In the text as restored below，the lines of $a$ have 22－7 letters，the lines of $b$ 25－9．Between $a$ and $b$ about 200 letters are lost，assuming a normal text－ perhaps seven or eight lines．The column，therefore，will not have had much more than twenty lines，and quite possibly less：column width，$c .7 \mathrm{~cm}$ ．； column height，$c$ ．II cm ．maximum．

The scribe corrects his own error at $b$ ro．There are uncorrected itacisms at $b 4$ and ro．

This part of Matthew has not so far been represented on papyrus（Aland， NTS 9 （1963），p．3I4）． 2683 offers only minor novelties：$b_{7}$ aтоктиv－in place of aлоктєข－or aлоктєขv，the oldest example of this common variant ；$b$ ro $\eta_{\eta \epsilon \lambda} \eta \kappa a$ for $\eta \theta \epsilon \lambda \eta c a$ ，a simple mistake．For the rest，the papyrus supports no reading which had occurred in only one MS．，and no reading known only from the minuscules．It disagrees on four or five points with each of the fourth－ and fifth－century codices（it comes closest to the Sinaiticus）．It sides with von Soden＇s Koine group on a matter of word order at $a 2-3$ ，but not at $b$ II－I2．

A new division of the text begins at $b 7$ ，with Matth．xxiii 37 ．The division does not coincide with the beginning of a $\kappa \notin \phi$ dàaoov in A ，etc．，or of a section in B，or with a break in W（Freer Gospels）．But it does coincide with vol．xxxiv I
an Eusebian section（ $c \mu a / \epsilon$ ），and with a paragraph in D（Bezae）．For the relationship with Bezae cf．P．Bodm．ii，pp．I8－2I ；xiv，pp．I4－I6

The text is printed below as it stands in the original，with the addition of supplements and word divisions．The collation is based on Legg＇s edition．I am grateful to Dr．J．Smit Sibinga（Leiden），who checked and substantially improved my first transcript．

This is P 77 in Aland＇s list．
$a \downarrow$
$b \leftrightarrow$
$\mu .[] ..[$
$\omega \nu \eta \mu \omega \overline{\text { [ }}$ [ovк av $\eta \mu \epsilon \theta \alpha$ коוv $\omega-$

vs． $3^{1} \tau \omega \nu \omega c \tau \in \mu a \rho[\tau v \rho \epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon \in a v \tau o \iota c$ оть

 то $\mu \epsilon \tau \rho о \nu \tau \omega \nu[\pi a \tau \epsilon \rho \omega \nu v \mu \omega \nu$
vs． 33 oфєєc $\gamma \in \nu \nu \eta \mu[\alpha \tau a \in \chi \ell \delta \nu \omega \nu \pi \omega c$
$\phi v \gamma \eta \tau \epsilon \alpha \pi о \quad \tau \eta[с$ крıсєшс $\tau \eta с \gamma \epsilon \epsilon \nu-$
 то $\pi \rho[$ ос v $\mu a c \pi \rho о ф \eta \tau а с$ кає софоvс $\kappa \alpha \iota[\gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu a \tau \epsilon \iota \subset \kappa \alpha \iota \epsilon \xi$ $\alpha v \tau \omega \nu$ a $[\pi о к т \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon \kappa \tau \lambda$ ．

2683．NEW TESTAMENT ：MATTHEW XXIII 30－4，35－9

$\epsilon \pi \iota c v \nu a \gamma \epsilon \iota \tau \alpha \nu o c] ¢[\iota a \quad a v] \tau \eta c$ ӥ $\pi \rho$
vs． 38 тас $\pi \tau \epsilon \rho v \gamma a c \kappa \alpha \iota$ оvк $\eta \theta \epsilon \lambda \eta<a \tau] \epsilon \ddot{\sigma} \delta \rho[v$
vs． 39 афєєтає $v \mu \iota \nu$ о оккос $v \mu \omega \nu є \rho \eta \mu о]$ ¢ $\lambda \epsilon[$
 （983 1689）．
$2 \eta \mu \epsilon \theta a$ ：or $\eta \mu \epsilon \nu$ ，the spacing cannot decide．
2－3 kovvolvor avrouv：so NC W L X 「 $\triangle \Pi \Phi$ ，with most minuscules and almost all versions ；avтшv кovvavo B D with some minuscules（ct．Peshitta eis socii）．
4 wcre：above the first upstroke of $\omega$ ，a short vertical with a short horizontal projecting to the left，- ．A smooth breathing seems to be out of place here（and in any case the horizon－ tal is much shorter than in the rough breathing，$b 2$ 2）．But there is too much ink for a simple stop．
\＄［оүєисаитши：атоктешаитан 28.
$\pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega с a r \epsilon$ ：space is against $\alpha \nu a \pi \lambda \eta-(660697)$ ．
нетрол：єpyou 28.


cluded by the spacing）．
ro $i[\delta o v$ ：nothing remains of iota as such ；only a very short horizontal，well above the line－the first half of a trema．
aтостє入入 $\omega$ ：so D and a few minuscules，Vulgate（4．MSS．），Georgian，Irenaeus int．， Lucifer，Origen once ；$\epsilon \gamma \omega$ a $\pi о c \tau \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ rell．It is not impossible that $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ stood in 2683 too ； but the resulting line is abnormally long．

II $\pi \rho[$ oc vpac：om．D and lectionary 184 d ．
каи coфоvс：каи ом． 892 ；coфove каı om．X（both against the space here）．
 $b$

I Traces（no more than the feet of a few uprights）and spacing allow $\epsilon \omega]_{c}[$［ $o v ~ a]![\mu] a-$ T $10 \mathrm{Z} \mathbf{Z}$ Za｜Xapıov zov．

2－3 єфоvev［caтє：атєктенvaтє каи єфоv．О 47.



5 €］$\pi \sim$ ：$\epsilon \nu \tau \eta \gamma \in \nu \in a$ тavrך 1093
a projected into the left margin．
$\eta$ ：om．s 659.
． $7^{-8}$ a aоккиг［pvovea：not an itacistic form of amoктecv－，for the rules of syllable－ division require the double $\nu$（cf．a $9-1 \mathrm{o}$ ）．The MSS．have aroктєtvouca（B D W，etc．），


Debrunner-Funk, $\S 73$. The form in $-v \omega$ recurs at Mk. xii 5 as the reading of $\mathbf{s c}^{c}$.-I have supplemented a present participle ; but naturally aorist (or future) is not excluded.
 Armenian (3 MSS.), Irenaeus int. $\pi \rho o c$ ceavoov lectionary 184. $\varepsilon \pi$ aurך 7 I.
a[ $[\nu \mid \tau \eta \nu$ : no ink is visible at the line-end after $a$, but the surface is rubbed. Normal rules of syllable division require $a v \mid \tau \eta \nu$, not $a \mid \nu \tau \eta \nu$,

 should restore -cvva[kal (cf. Luke xiii 34) or -cova[ $\gamma \in \omega$.
 specially Luke xiii 34 (אD W, etc).
cola

 Clement, Origen once. vivo: $\epsilon \pi \iota 440$ 1689.

I3 ттєрuyac: no space for mтєpvyac avтךc (X, etc., many versions, Clement).
I4 v $\mu \omega \nu \epsilon \rho \eta \mu \circ]$ : so almost all MSS. and versions; $\varepsilon \rho \eta \mu \circ c$ om. B L, etc. The trace before $\lambda \epsilon[$ is much more like $c$ than $\nu$.
2684. New Testament : Jude 4-5, 7-8

$$
10.6 \times 2.9 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

Third/fourth century
One double leaf from a papyrus codex. The format is extraordinary each page forms an oblong $c .5 .3 \mathrm{~cm}$. wide but only 2.9 cm . high. I have found no parallel among the other miniature codices, familiar as these are for Christian texts (C. H. Roberts, The Codex, pp. 198-9).

The fold shows clearly. On it are two small holes, c. 7 and 9 mm . from the upper edge; these holes might have carried thread for binding. (The corresponding area at the foot of the fold is broken away.) The verso of the papyrus forms the inner surface of the double leaf.

The two leaves together contain $c .175$ letters. They are not consecutive : the text missing between fol. I and fol. 2 (c. 330 letters without punctuation) would occupy two more double leaves. Before fol. I the Epistle extends to $c$. 375 letters, four or five single leaves. (These calculations are naturally very approximate, given the irregularity of the writing and format.) 2684 is not symmetrically placed within the Epistle : that is, it was not part of a single quire containing the whole of Jude and nothing else. The original codex may have been a single quire including more than one work, or a book of several quires ; or the Epistle may have been copied only in part.

The hand is a leisurely half-cursive, which I should assign to the third or earlier fourth century A.D. Lectional signs : only trema and middle stop.
2684. NEW TESTAMENT: JUDE 4-5, 7-8

Fol. I has three lines to the page, fol. 2 four (with an extra syllable squeezed in at the foot on $2 \downarrow$ ). The spelling shows normal lapses of itacism: $\epsilon_{\iota}$ for $\iota$ fol. 2. 4 and 7 ; $\epsilon$ for $\alpha_{\iota}$ fol. I. 6. False $n u$-moveable fol. 2.7 and 9. Much more remarkable is the confusion of $\delta$ and $\zeta$ at fol. 2. 4: this was never a common error, and occurs for the most part in subliterate private letters like 1069.

All in all 2684 stands some way from normal book-texts : the format is eccentric, the spelling vulgar, the script and lay-out amateurish. Most probably we have to do with an amulet. Miniature Gospels were certainly carried as amulets (Amundsen, Symb. Osl. 24 (1945), p. I40); Jude seems an odder choice, though brevity might commend it. Compare perhaps P. Ant. 54 (pater noster), another unprofessional booklet ; and the other miniatures listed by Amundsen, 1.c. pp. $126-7$.

It is not surprising, then, that 2684 offers an eccentric text: two unique and three rare readings in four verses, and all of them in disagreement with the earliest witness, P. Bodmer xvii. See fol. I. 2-3; fol. I. 6 ; fol. 2.2 ; fol. 2.3 ; fol. 2. 9. Neither unique reading seems acceptable, and no problems are solved. But 2684 does throw some light on the early tradition of the text : fol. 2. 9 Sójav (known hitherto only from a few minuscules) corresponds to maiestatem of the Vulgate and Clement; fol. 2. 2 完 $\pi$ '́Xovcau (with five minuscules), where the other oldest witnesses disagree; fol. I. 2-3 $\delta \epsilon c \pi o ́ \tau \eta \nu \kappa(v p o) \nu$ with one minuscule (and perhaps Cyril of Alexandria). It remains for experts to decide whether agreements between 2684 and a few minuscules are stemmatically significant or merely coincidental.

Collation based on the apparatus of von Soden (adding P. Bodmer xvii) ; but MSS. are referred to by their Gregory numbers. I am grateful to Professor G. D. Kilpatrick and Dr. J. Smit Sibinga for their help.

This is P 78 in Aland's list.

Fol. I $\leftrightarrow$
vs. 4 үıау кає тov но
vov $\delta \in \subset \pi \sigma \pi \eta \nu$
$\overline{\kappa \nu} \eta \mu \omega \nu \overline{\iota \eta \nu} \overline{\chi \rho \nu}$
Fol. $2 \uparrow$
vs. $7 \alpha \iota \omega \nu \iota v$ бıк $\eta \nu$
vs. 8 єтєұоvсац ороьшс $\mu \in у \tau о$ кає аутоь $\epsilon \nu \ddot{\pi} \pi \nu \epsilon \iota \alpha \delta о \mu \epsilon$
$\downarrow$
vs. 5 аруоицєขot ข̈то $\mu \nu \eta c a t \delta \in \ddot{u} \mu \alpha c$ $\beta о v \lambda о \mu \epsilon a \delta \in \lambda \phi 0!$ $\leftrightarrow$

сарка $\mu \epsilon \nu \mu \iota$ aıvovcıv кvрє отทта $\delta \in \alpha \theta \in \tau о v$ cıv $\delta o \xi \alpha y \delta \epsilon[$

I tov: om. $9 \times 5$.
${ }^{2-3} \quad$ ठєстотךท $\overline{\kappa \nu}$ : so 38 , with vg (A*F L V), Baed $2 / 8$, Sa, Pesh, Eth (and Cyril ? : see Tischendorf's apparatus). $\delta \in с т о т \eta \nu$ каи кypov rell., incl. P. Bodm.-Von Soden's K group inserts $\theta \epsilon \sigma$ after $\delta \epsilon \subset \pi о \tau \eta \nu$.

 no form of the word occurs here in any other MS. Naturally such vocatives tend to intrude or disappear (e.g. Romans x I, xi 25 , xv 30 ); but in any case Jude addresses his readers as

Fol. 2
2 єтєरoveat: so x6If $2138 \quad 1765378 \quad 876$. The oldest witnesses show confusion:


о оошс: о ошс A .
3 неvтоt: $\mu \in \nu 307$ 6IO 453.
6 avrou: ovrou rell., P. Bod

8 © : om. xI 75.
9 Sogay: so 1799 (and, according to Tischendorf, 3555 ) ; maiestatem most MSS. of Vulgate, Clement (Zahn, Suppl. Clem. p. 85) : 8ogac rell., P. Bodm. The plural (only here and a Per ii IO) asks for normalization. Agreement with Clement is interesting: cf. Birdsall, JTS 14 (1963), pp. 394 seqq.
$\tau \eta c]$ au $[\gamma v] \pi \tau[o] v \pi \rho o \delta o c \iota a \iota$
1о $\lambda \eta] \mu \phi \theta \epsilon \iota \subset ~ a[\nu \epsilon] c \tau a v \rho \omega \theta \eta$ :
$\epsilon \kappa]$ ] $\delta \epsilon \tau \omega \nu \alpha[\theta \eta] \rho \omega \nu \kappa \alpha \iota \tau \eta c$
$\alpha \lambda] \lambda \eta c[c] v \mu \mu a \chi \iota \delta o c \pi \epsilon \nu \tau \eta$

I. $\epsilon_{\lambda \epsilon \epsilon!}$ : the letters seem rather crowded if correctly identified. $\quad$ 13. $[: \delta$ or $a$.

4 The subject of eठovaro is Megabyzus, who was conducting the Persian operations in Egypt, and is the main subject of the narrative in the passage just before the papyrus begins. If the reading of the manuscripts is preferred, the subject is the Persians, but the have not been mentioned as body in the narrative, or as the plural subject of a sentence.

7 Thucydides prefers to omit the article before the ethnic in such phrases, when the thnic comes between article and noun.
то $\lambda \eta \mu \phi \theta \epsilon i c$ and other such forms from $\lambda a \mu \beta a ́ v \omega$ and compounds are normal in Hellenistic and Imperial times on papyrus and stone.
II The space will only accommodate 'A $\theta \eta \nu \omega \hat{v}$. The reading was conjectured by Bekker and was later seen to have support in Schol. Townl. Il. II 280 (ii, p. 179.30 ed. Maass).
${ }^{1} 3 \pi \lambda^{\prime} \mid[$ oveal $]$ : the letters at the end of the line are crowded and there are twentyfour in the whole line. 1.3 cms . to the right of the line is a trace of the extreme left-hand etter of the last line of the next column. It looks like $\delta$ but might possibly be $a$. If the format of the roll resembled 1376, the number of lines to the column would have been about fifty-three
$\mathrm{I} \cdot 2 \mathrm{cms}$. below the $\eta$ of $\tau \rho \mu \eta \rho \epsilon \epsilon$ is an ink mark on the papyrus. Whether it is significant is hard to judge, as it is close to a hole, and the surface of the papyrus is badly rubbed. What remains looks like a dicolon but could be part of almost anything.

## IV

## DOCUMENTS OF THE ROMAN AND

 BYZANTINE PERIODS2704. Edict of a Prefect
$23 \times 13 \mathrm{~cm}$.
A.D. 292

The main interest of this edict, which prescribes measures against those who allow farm animals to stray and do damage to crops, is the date which it provides for Titius Honoratus, whose title of prefect is also confirmed (v. Vandersleyen, Chronologie des préfets, pp. io 8 ff .). Its provisions are neatly illustrated by two recently published petitions from the papers of Aurelius Isidorus of Karanis (P. Cair. Isid. 78 and P. Mert. 92, both of A.D. 324), which make it clear that this was one of many pronouncements from high officials on the same subject. P. Petrie iii 26. 6 ff . (of $246-242$ B.c., lately treated in Pap. Lugd. Batav. xiv, pp. 214 ff .) shows that it was a perennial problem.

The text is written on a verso in a practised cursive without pretensions to elegance and is complete on all sides though badly rubbed. The recto preserves the top of the sheet and ends of I9 lines of a document which recited a petition to a prefect, but it is too much damaged for publication.

I am much indebted to Professor Youtie for improving the text in several places.


 $\lambda \nu \mu a i v \epsilon \epsilon \theta a \iota ~ \tau о \hat{c} \kappa$ картоі̂с фu入ágauvто
5 тov̂To Toเєîv. $\mu \alpha \nu \theta \alpha ́ \nu \omega$ रov̂v тทे $\nu$




го картоі̂с є̇тафєival $\tau \grave{\alpha}$ ל̣̂a ка



$\pi \iota \subset \tau \rho \epsilon \phi \epsilon i a c \pi \epsilon \iota \rho \alpha \theta \hat{\eta} \nu[\alpha]!\cdot * \rho o ́ \theta \epsilon c \cdot$
15 (є้тоис) $\eta^{\prime}$ то̣̂ кvрíov $\dot{\eta} \mu \omega \hat{\nu}$ av่токра́торос



## $\mathrm{M} \epsilon \chi \in i \rho[] \theta^{\prime}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { iI. pap. } \delta \kappa \bar{\eta} \text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$

' Titius Honoratus, the most distinguished prefect of Egypt, says : There would be no profit whatever from our agriculture and the pains taken with it, unless those who regularly spoil crops were to guard against doing this. I learm, in fact, that although the harvest I enjoin you to guard against allowing beasts in among the crops, (adding) therefore before my court lies against anyone who disobeys in these matters, so that he shall be deprived of the actual beasts and shall himself experience strong measures. Post in public
'In the eighth year of our lord emperor Diocletian and the seventh year of our lord emperor Maximian. Mecheir 9th (?).'
 pp. 37 f.
${ }_{\mu \dot{\eta} .}$. H. C. Y., to whom the translation is also due, read this and pointed out to me the meaning of oviठ̇̀े $\pi \lambda \epsilon \bar{\epsilon} \%, v$. L.S.J. s.v. $\pi \lambda \in \epsilon \omega \nu$.
ro Read кa[l кa- or <каi> кa-, H. C. Y. I agree but remain uncertain whether it is a case loss of the ink.
II $\delta / \kappa \eta \nu$. This is one of the alternatives suggested by the editors of P. Cair. Isid. (p. 305). No doubt, as they say, the matter could also be settled out of court.

I2 ' $\phi^{\prime} \dot{\eta} \mu \hat{\omega} \nu$. Corrected, apparently from $\dot{e} \pi i \dot{\eta} \mu \hat{\omega} v$. The plural is presumably a generalizing one (cf. Mayser II, I, pp. 40 f.), the prefect and his court, rather than a pluralis. ${ }_{13}$ dimocreppөधŋvau. The beasts were sold publicly and the proceeds divided between the (nome) treasury and the sufferer, cf. P. Cair. Isid. 78. 7, and especially P. Mert. 92. 20. aườ ти̂c. H. C. Y.
 ठєсто́тас.

I8 [ $\left\llcorner\right.$ P] $\theta^{\prime}$. The exact day is very doubtful ; 9th or 19th of Mecheir seems best, i.e. 4th or 14th of February, A.D. 292.
2705. Official Letter of a Vice-Prefect

$$
32 \times 3^{2} \mathrm{~cm}
$$

c. A.D. 225

The exact meaning of the instructions about the lawful completion of contracts given in this letter to the strategi of the Heptanomia is obscure, but it is interesting to find another pronouncement by Claudius Herennianus, the juridicus who took over the business of the prefecture when the prefect M.

Aurelius Epagathus was lured or deported to Crete to be put to death for his part in the murder of Ulpian (v. P. Harris 68 ; 2565).

The copy is badly rubbed and is written on the verso of a document which consists of to lines of grain accounts with place-names in the Hermopolite nome, plus 18 lines of shorthand below these and 17 lines of shorthand in a second column to the right.
 Фа $\boldsymbol{\epsilon} \nu \dot{\nu} \dot{\theta} \theta$.

 а̉ $\rho \chi \iota$ бккастŋ̀с
 ย̇кย́-
 cviv


 тoîc


ıо


 ${ }_{q}^{3} \gamma \nu[0] \hat{\eta}-$


. (єँтоvс)" Mєхєір ८. .
Kaגлтоvриио (vac.)

$$
\text { 9. 1. àretincóvitiov. } \quad \text { 10. } a^{-} \text {pap. }
$$

' Extract . . ., . . . th year of (the deified ?) Alexander. Phamenoth.
'Claudius Herennianus to the strategi of the Seven Nomes and the Arsinoite, greeting. The message sent to me by Calpurnius Petronianus, the most worthy archidicastes in office, I have ordered to be set out below, together with the attached records of proceedings which were made in his presence. Do you see to it, in accordance with that information, that the
contracts are lawfully completed－for in this way the provisions of the contracts（？）will be valid（？）－and that what is owed in virtue of them is delivered to the most glorious city of the Alexandrians，the established penalties remaining in force against those who have transgressed in the past，and，still more important，with the reservation of the like legal process in the future against those who disobey even after this warning．Take care that copies of this letter of mine，exactly as it stands，are published in plain letters in the metro－ polis and in the well－known places in the nome so that no one may be unaware of my pro nouncements．And thand 1 ，Mecheir I5th（ $?$ ）， of an imperial command．．．．th year．Mecheir I5th（？）．＇

 quite the sort of thing that one would naturally expect to find in the property registers． Still，it could have had a bearing on title deeds，and so have been filed there．
 seqq．）．Since the letter is dated in February（I3），the year must be A．D． 225 （ 4 Alex $=224 / 5$ ）
 than $\dot{C}$ govioy．If so，the extract was made after the death of Alexander，i．e，after the earlier part of A．D． 235.
$\Phi$ Фанеко́日．Feb．／March．No day follows；perhaps the record from which the extract was taken was arranged by months．
3 ［Kadroúp］uoc IIevowvar［b́c．Cf．I4．Though this name was not known to the latest list of archidicastae（Aegyptus $3^{2}$（1952），pp． 410 seqq．），it is confirmed from 2706．It may
 movpyiov，but cf． 2568 I seqq．
 ference is to PSI IO52． 16 of the beginning of the third century．
$5 / 6$ It is very difficult to say what is meant here by cova入入day $\mu a z a$ and cvußóaua，since both words have such wide connotations，$v$ ．Taubenschlag，Law²，pp．292， 294.

6 ［ ］［ ］．$\tau[\epsilon \lambda \epsilon][x]$ is the obvious idea and is compatible with the traces，which are very scanty．（cov ？）тeтénectau seems to be excluded．

Io ${ }_{2}^{2}(\nu \tau i y p a \not q a)$ ．Cf．，e．g．， $222830,41,2558$ I（a）．
 depth of $\dot{c} .21 \mathrm{~cm}$ ．below this point．

2706．II． $5 \times 10.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ ．Third century．This scrap has been used to

 ${ }^{5}$ крıт $\quad$ рíwv．No more of that document was written but below there are scat－ tered letters and symbols；there are the ends of 6 lines much damaged at the left and a few very scanty traces near the right edge．The verso is blank except at the left edge near the top，where there are a few traces of ink that look more like blots than writing．The name of the archidicastes has proved useful for 2705，which dates him approximately，c．A．D． 225.

## 2707．Circus Programme

$16 \times 30 \mathrm{~cm}$ ．
Sixth century
Apparently the first of its kind to be published，this document is a pro－ gramme of chariot racing and other displays，which were presumably presented in the public circus（144 2）at Oxyrhynchus．

The writing is in the＇chancery＇style，with tiny alphas and hypsilons placed close to the top level of the other letters．A single word subscription， $\delta_{t e v \tau u}$ t $t$ ，is in cursive．I should assign it to the sixth century，comparing P．Cair．Masp．iii，Plates I and II，but the hand is so stylized that the dating may not be certain even to that extent and there is too little of the cursive for me to judge．

The exact purpose of the document is not clear．But for the subscription it might be a public notice and one might hazard the guess that it is a copy of such a notice which had to be seen and approved by a second person ；perhaps it passed between two municipal officials．
f ả $\gamma \alpha \theta \hat{\eta}$ túxn
$p \hat{k} \kappa[a]$
a $\mu$ iccoc ท̀vtóx $\omega \nu$ тонтท＇
5 калот［a］［［ $[\tau \tau a] \iota \beta o \kappa[a ́ \lambda \iota o \iota$
$\beta \mu_{\mu}^{\prime!}[$ ccoc $]$ शivoó $\chi[\omega \nu$

$\gamma \mu i ́ c c o c ~ \dot{\eta} \nu<о ́ \chi \omega \nu$ бо́ркос каі ки́veс
ro $\delta \mu i c c o c ~ \eta ̛ \nu \iota o ́ \chi \omega \nu$ $\mu i \mu о \iota$
є $\mu i ́ c c o c$ ทํ $\nu o ́ \chi \omega \nu$ छистóc


## （m．2）$\delta \iota є v \tau \cup ̛ \chi \in \iota$

＇For good fortune．
Victories（？）．
rst chariot race．
Procession．
Singing rope－dancers．
and chariot race.
The singing rope-dancers.
3rd chariot race.
The singing rope-dancer
3rd chariot race.
Gazelle and hounds.
4azelle and hound
Mimes.
5th chariot race.
Troupe of athletes.
6th chariot race.'
(2nd hand) ' Farewell.'
2 rịk[a]. These letters are very badly damaged but the feet of $\nu$ and $\kappa$ are so characteristic that there can be little doubt of the word. The meaning is very uncertain. It may refer to the custom of setting up on the day of the games statues of Victory dedicated to the reigning emperors (v. RE, zte Reihe, VIII A 2, 2529) ; compare the story in SHA. Sept Sev. 22. 3, where two of the statues (Victoriolae) fall over and presage the deaths of Severus and Geta. Alternatively it may have to do with the victories of the previous day's racing $4 \pi$ mountr. The procession is elsewhere supposed to precede the events (RE Suppl VII 1627, 1629).

5 Boк[adiot. From Latin vocales, v. Soph. Lex. s.v. In Daremberg-Saglio, s.v funambulus, there are pictures of rope-walkers playing musical instruments, which is the cosest parallel I have come across,
${ }_{13}$ gucróc. A. H. M. Jones, Later Roman Empire, iiii, p. Io18, knows of no mention tion of Diocletian's constitution on athletic victors implies that they continued.

## 2708. Petition to an Epistrategus

## $12 \times 10 \mathrm{~cm}$.

14th April, A.D. 169 ?
The epistrategus petitioned here is Subatianus Aquila, who served as prefect of Egypt in the early third century and is well known from the papyri. According to Stein's conclusions from Eusebius (Die Präfekten, p. III), he became prefect in A.D. 202/3 (II Severus and Caracalla) as the successor of Q. Maecius Laetus. ${ }^{1}$ An endorsement on this papyrus mentions the ninth year. Since direct promotion from a sexagenarian post like the epistrategia to one of the great prefectures is inconceivable, this can hardly be 9 Severus and Caracalla, A.D. 200/I. The ninth year next before this is thirty-two years earlier, namely 9 Marcus and Verus, A.D. 168/9, which is a plausible date for this document, since in the only other known case where an epistrategus reached the prefecture of Egypt-that of Tiberius Julius Alexander-the process took

I It is now known that a prefect called Claudius Julianus was in office between Laetus and Aquila (BGU xi 2024).
twenty-four years. The ninth year before that is 9 Antoninus Pius, A.d. $145 / 6$, and this is almost certainly too far back, since it would make Aquila over eighty in A.D. 210.

I am grateful to Professor Syme, who also discussed the question with Professor Birley, for assuring me that this sort of career need occasion no surprise. Youthful equestrians could be epistrategi and a prefect could well be elderly.
 of the adjoining documents are too scanty to show how they were related to this one.
 кратістш є́тьстратท́ $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ тарd̀ Оєоциท́cтоv " $\Omega \rho \circ v$ $\tau \hat{\omega} \nu \dot{\alpha} \pi \dot{o} \Psi^{\prime} \iota \nu \epsilon \mu \circ v^{\prime} \theta \epsilon \omega c$.

 $\pi \rho o ̀ c ~ \tau o v ̀ c ~ a ̉ \delta e \lambda \phi \downarrow \delta o \hat{c} c$ $\mu \circ v \Pi_{\epsilon \tau \epsilon \mu}$ оvิขı Писс́цьтос каi Taŋ̂сı Cavсvผิтос
เo $\omega \nu \tau$ à̀ $\pi \lambda \epsilon$ íovó $\mu \circ \iota \mu \epsilon ́ \rho \eta$


 $\tau \omega \nu \mu \circ \iota \mu \epsilon \rho \omega ิ \nu \gamma \epsilon ́ \rho \circ \nu \tau \alpha$
$15{ }^{\alpha} \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi о \nu$ каi ${ }^{\circ}[\tau] \epsilon \kappa \nu о \nu$ ठıà тò тov̀c vioúc pov тєтє$\lambda \in u \tau \eta \kappa \in ́ v a l, \mathfrak{a} \xi \iota[\hat{\omega}]$ cє $\tau \grave{\nu} \nu$


Verso

 $\pi \epsilon \rho i \quad \mu \epsilon \rho \hat{\omega} \nu$ оік(íac) каi $\psi \iota \lambda(\omega \hat{\omega}) \tau o ́ \pi(\omega \nu) \kappa \rho \iota \tau\left(\eta \eta^{\nu}\right) \kappa \alpha i$ [.].. ${ }^{\theta} \operatorname{air}(\epsilon \hat{i})$.

$$
.] . .[.] .[.] .
$$

＇To Subatianus Aquila，his excellency the epistrategus，from Theomnestus，son of Horus， of the people of Psinemouthis．I have a house with vacant lands held undivided and in common with my nephew Petemounis，son of Pisais，and niece Taësis，daughter of Sansnos， of which the greater number of the shares fall to me．Since，then，they are defrauding me ．．．thrusting（me）out of the shares which fall to me，an old man and childless because my sons are dead，I beg you，my lord，（to assign）a judge ．

Verso．＇gth year．Pharmouthi x9th．Having（a complaint）against certain persons concerning shares of a house and vacant lands，he askes for a judge and ．．．
＇You have as judge Panes or ．．．＇
4 צvveuovecuc．Not in WB．iii Abschn． 16 a ，or in the indexes to P．Oxy．Though a great many Oxyrhynchite village names are known，the first presumption must be that this too is Oxyrhynchite and consequently that Subatianus Aquila was epistrategus of the Heptanomia．I have suggested in the introduction that the document dates from A．D．x68／9 （i．e．29th Aug．168－28th Aug．169）．There is a vacant space in the series of epistrategi of the Heptanomia at this point，though Aquilius Capitolinus was in office between Nov． 169 and Nov． 170, v． 2563 I n．For 9 Antoninus Pius（A．D．145／6）the epistr．Hept．was Minicius Corellianus，who served from A．D． 144 to 147.
 тєкк－，тарєк－，тросєк－，àгєкк－），but none in WB．


## 2709．Petition for a Guardian

$$
8.5 \times 3{ }^{1} 5 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

A．D．202－7（204 ？）
A petition from a widow to the strategus of the Oxyrhynchite nome． Seconded by her father，who acts as her кv́pıoc，she requests the strategus to instruct the $\gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu a \tau \epsilon v i c$ of Oxyrhynchus to appoint a guardian for her two children．Her husband has died recently without making a will．At the bottom of the document，the widow＇s father has written in his own hand to the effect that he is her кúpoo and has signed the petition on her behalf as his daughter was illiterate（cf．，e．g．，251，BGU 1070，P．Amh．7I）．

The document can be dated between A．D． 202 and 207，and traces of the numeral representing the exact date make it likeliest perhaps that it belongs to the year 204：it comes from the reign of Severus，Caracalla and Geta，and is addressed to a hitherto unknown strategus，Androsthenes oo kai＇${ }^{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{O} \hat{v} \phi о с$（？）． There are only those six years available，representing perhaps two cтрaтךүiai （see P．Mertens，Chron．d＇Ég．6r（1956），pp． 34 I f．，Pap．Lugd．Bat．xiv I5 f． and cf．Chron．d＇Eg． 80 （1965），p．357）．The names，but not the titles，of Geta
were obliterated under Caracalla．（On the Damnatio Memoriae of Geta in the papyri see P．Mertens in Hommages à Léon Herrmann，Coll．Latomus 44 （I960）， pp．54r－55．）

For the strategus as the delegating，and sometimes the appointing authority in cases of guardianship，see Taubenschlag，Law²，pp．16I f．and cf．Grenfell and Hunt on 888，P．Tebt．ii 397，1．4，J．E．Powell on P．Harr． 68.

The first hand is a practised and upright half－cursive with relatively few ligatures．The second hand is cursive，sloping to the right，with the lines curv－ ing up on the right．Written with the fibres．Verso blank．Folded once down the middle and ten times down the width．The papyrus has a distinctly yellowish appearance．

I am indebted to Professor P．Mertens of Liège．University for useful in－ formation about the frequencyin third－century Oxyrhynchus of the names which occur here．In fact，none of the people mentioned seems to be identifiable．

> ст $\rho(\tau \eta \gamma \hat{\omega}){ }^{\prime} \mathrm{O} \xi(v \rho v \gamma \chi i \tau o v)$
> тарà $\Delta \eta \mu a \rho i ́ o v ~ ' A \pi i \omega v o c ~ \tau о 仑 ̂ ~ \Delta \omega-~$

 то仑̂ татро̀с＇A $\quad$ i＇$\omega \nu$ ос $\Delta \omega \rho i \omega$－




 $[\tau \eta c] \leqslant \tau \hat{\eta} \delta \iota \epsilon \lambda \theta \circ v ́ c \eta\left[. \eta^{j} \mu \epsilon \in\right] p q$




 $\dot{\epsilon} \pi!\tau \rho[0] \pi \sigma \nu \tau[\omega \hat{\nu}] \dot{\alpha} \phi \eta \lambda i \kappa[\omega] \nu \kappa \alpha \pi \alpha-$




## 


Мєүісттov ка[i] Mạ́pкоv Av̉ $\rho \eta \lambda$ íov








2. crpas (space) of'. $7 . y$ could be $\%$. I5. 'Hpaibi : not quite clear, but
 horizontal stroke level with the bottom of the line, and half a vertical at its left-hand end : possibly the right-hand bottom half of $a \beta$ with an extended base. The other examples of $\beta$ in this piece are not, however, of this type. 26. Crossed through in heavy black strokes. 30 . lege èmvérpaцциа. $\quad$ 31. кब[i] uncertain from the traces, but there seems no alternative.
'To Androsthenes, called also Rufus, strategus of the Oxyrhynchite nome. From Demarion, daughter of Apion son of Dorion, her mother being Helen, from the city of Oxyrhynchus, together with her father, acting as her guardian, namely, Apion the son of Dorion and of Cleuparous from the same city. My husband, Dionysius, called also Sarapion, the son of Apollonius and Sinthonis, from the same city, died on the past [ ] day intestate, leaving as his heirs his children by me, Hermes and Herais, who are not of age. Therefore, presenting this petition, I ask you to order the city clerk to appoint a guardian for the minors so that none of their patrimony may be lost. The [.] year of the Imperatores Caesars Lucius Septimius Severus Pius Pertinax Arabicus Adiabenicus Parthicus Maximus, and Marcus Aurelius Antoninus Pius, Augusti, and Publius Septimius Geta, Caesar Augustus, the 24th of Mecheir.'
(Second hand) ' I, Demarion the daughter of Apion, have presented the petition. I, Apion the san of Dorion am registered as my daughter's guardian and signed for her as she does not know how to write.'

I 'Avopocéver : the name is rare, The only two instances in the Namenbuch are from the Ptolemaic period, but cf. also 2280 (3rd cent. A.D.), where Androsthenes may be an official.
'Poo $\phi$ : : the name is attested twice in third-century Oxyrhynchus: P. Erl. ior (inv, 23 v.) $27,16313$.
$3 \Delta \omega \mid \rho i \omega v[0] c$ : three times in the third century, $14169,14985,16672$.
4 'Eスémc: 1067 I, 11605 , 1534 14, PSI 50. 83. see Taubenschlag, op. cit. pp. 170 f .

7 Kגeutaooirrac: the name seems to be unique, and it should be considered whether it may not be a mistake for Kגеилатроöroc. Cf. however CPJ 204. і Клежаройс.

9 There is a Capatiov Auovectov in PSI 468 (Oxyrhynchus 200 A.D.) and a Capariuv ó kai $\Delta$ sovícoo in 2278 (mid-third cent.), but both names are very common.
 only a single letter. The meaning of the phrase is ' on the last $n$th '. As it is a single numeral and no month is named, it must be a date earlier in the same month. Cf., e.g., 47516 od\&[[]ac

vópoce rpectiv viốc


and ${ }^{26}$. For the omission to obliterate the titles as well as the names of Geta cf., e.g., 54 and 56 .

29/30 On ėmrүpádectaul see on P. Tebt. 379, 1. 20.
2710. Petition for a Guardian

## $20 \times 7 \mathrm{~cm}$.

17th May, A.D. 26 x
This petition is best paralleled by $\mathbf{1 4 6 6}$, but adds nothing to the subject, which is treated by Taubenschlag, Law $^{2}$, pp. 32, 174 .

It is of interest chiefly for the form of the date; May 17 th in the first Greco-Egyptian year of the emperors Macrianus and Quietus is placed in the hitherto unknown consulship of Macrianus, for the second time, and Quietus, possibly also for the second time. It seems likely that they were consuls first at the end of the preceding Julian year (A.D. 260), when they began their reign. Their names do not occur in Degrassi's Fasti.

This date is the latest yet known for the prefect Aemilianus and goes some way to support Stein's hypothesis that he did not try to usurp the throne till after the fall of Macrianus and Quietus (Die Präfekten, p. 145, Archiv iv, pp. 419 seq.):

The writing is across the fibres but there are no traces on the reverse side.
$\downarrow$









6. Iovicov, ition pap.

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H
‘. . . page . . ., roll one. Translation of the Latin. To Lucius Mussius Aemilianus the most illustrious prefect of Egypt, from Aurelia Heras, daughter of Castor and Syra,
from the city of the Oxyrnynchi. I beg you, lord, to give me, as guardian to be registered in accordance with the lex Iulia Titia and the senatusconsultum, Aurelius Chaeremon, son of Diogenes, who was chief-priest of the same city. Given in the consulship of our lords the emperors Macrianus, for the second time, and Quietus, for the second (?) time. First year ; Pachon 22nd.'

I For the most part the traces are feet only and it is uncertain how much is Latin and how much Greek. $v r u$ may be Latin ITI. I have not succeeded in reconciling it with anything suggested by the parallel in 1466, except for the end of the line. $] k[$ may be part of ко́ $(\lambda \eta \mu a)$, which is needed, or it may be part of the date, Пах由ेv $\kappa\left[\beta^{\prime}\right.$, followed by ко入( ) in the gap. The spacing is uncertain
 1466 x. 5 ; v. BL i, p. 327 for 720.
7 This seems to be the first clear reference to an ápxuepevic of Oxyrhynchus, though it
 1662 I8, 1697 I) held the office. See Otto, Priester u. Tempel i, p. 45 , n. 34 (with ii, p. $3^{13}$ ) ii, p. 202, for local high priesthoods.

9 ro $\beta$ ? $]^{\prime}$. Cf. Introduction. The bottom edge is not preserved and it is therefore uncertain whether this was the last line or not, cf. 1466 io, but it can be seen that the blank space below line 9 is slightly deeper than the usual interlinear space.
2711. Petition to a Prefect

## $16 \times 8 \mathrm{~cm}$.

c. A.D. 268-7x

The exact object of this petition is not known because of the loss of everything after line Io, but it was a matter relating to the guardianship of the three children of the petitioner's nephew.

The name of the prefect is of interest, because his nomen occurs here for the first time in the papyri and confirms Stein's identification of the prefect Ammianus with the Statilius Ammianus whose earlier career is partly known from inscriptions (v. Die Präfekten, p. 150).

Unfortunately a firm date for his term of office is still lacking, though this document belongs after the death of Gallienus (A.D. 268) and is therefore later than the earliest date available for him. ${ }^{\text {r }}$




${ }^{1}$ See now also $P$. Wis. 2, which dates from the reign of Aurelian and apparently reads in line $\left.6^{\circ} \mathrm{A}\right] \mu \mu l a \nu \hat{\omega} \tau \hat{\omega} \delta \operatorname{\delta ac}[\eta \mu o r \alpha ́ \tau \omega$.



 $\alpha v ̉ \tau \omega ิ \nu \tau \cup ̛ \chi \eta$



$$
\text { 7. } \eta_{\eta}^{\llcorner } \text {pap. }
$$

To Statilius Ammianus, the most illlustrious prefect of Egypt, from Aurelius Horion on of Anicetus, ex-agonothetes, gymnasiarch, senator of the glorious city of the Oxyrhyn chites. Cherishing the good will due by nature, most glorious prefect, towards the children of my nephew Anicetus, alias Remmius, (namely) Aurelius A... and Aurelius Remmius and Aurelia Eudaemonis, whom he left quite utterly destitute, I make this petition, to which, since it is most just, (I pray) your genius may agree. For after their father met his doom in the fourteenth year of the deified Gallienus they still lived with me while their mother Aurelia Thaesis was in her widowhood and since now . . .'

4 véac=' children', cf. PSI ro39. 37 vid̀ äppsva.
${ }_{6}$ veac= ápove? a\%. [ would also be possible.
2712. Petition to a Deputy-Strategus

## $15 \times 20 \mathrm{~cm}$.

A.D. 292/3

The name of a prefect of Egypt, one Rupilius Felix, occurs here for the first time. It seems probable that he was the direct successor of Titius Honoratus, who was active in February of the previous Egyptian year, cf. 2704.

In spite of the damage at the left the legal steps are clear in outline. The petitioner's tenant-farmer petitioned the prefect against her, the prefect delegated the case to the strategus and she by this document asked the strategus's department to communicate this decision to the farmer.

The allegation seems to be that the farmer wished to surrender his lease while he still owed several amounts of rent and taxes both in money and kind. His grounds for petitioning the prefect are not clear, though they may be stated in the damaged lines Io-II.





$\tau \rho o ̀ ¢ ~ \mu \iota \subset \theta о и ́ \mu \epsilon \nu о с ~ \chi \omega \rho i o \nu ~ \dot{\eta} \mu \epsilon ́ \tau \epsilon \rho о \nu \pi \epsilon \rho i ́ ~ к с ́ \mu \eta \nu$
${ }^{\top} \mathrm{IBi} \omega \nu \alpha \mathrm{X}$
［．］．［．．．］．．．


10 $\qquad$ $\rho \alpha$ cócac $\delta$ è tò $\chi$ wióov［ ］［．$]$
$\qquad$ avт ．．［．．］．．．．［．．］．







20









＇To Aurelius Asclepiades，former hypomnematographus，deputy－strategus of the Oxy－ rhynchite nome，from Aurelia Dioscuriaena，matron entitled to wear the stola，daughter of Droscorus，alias Ammonianus，former hypomnematographus，and however he was styled． Chysis and also of grain－bearing land，owing several ．．．of rent and taxes and on account of special payments ．．．and wine，and not having made delivery and taxes and on account farm ．．．he petitioned his Highness my lord the most illustrious prefect Rupilius Felix ．．．（the）farming of these（properties），but being impossible to deceive（？），my lord the prefect delegated the affair to you，so that you，having examined the ．．．should define the provisions of the law relating to ．．．（and prevent him from ？）thinking that he can abandon the agricultural work ．．．while owing a great deal，but ．．．the farm．I submit the petition testifying ．．．and requesting that a message be delivered by one of your assistants to the aforesaid Salpon so that he may know that his audacities ．．．are invalid and in every
－解
at he
way ．．．that he may make ．．．of the property in the proper fashion ．．．（and so that he not be ？）buoyed up（？）by ．

Ninth year of the Imperator Caesar Gaius Aurelius Valerius Diocletianus and 8th year of the Imperator Caesar Marcus Valerius Maximianus，Germanici Maximi，Pii，Felices， Augusti ；（month，day）．＇
（2nd hand）1，Aurelia Dioscuriaena，submitted（the petition） I＇Ack $\lambda \eta \pi n$ ú $\delta_{n}$ ；v． 596 of Mecheir，A．D．292．It is
inuously over this period or on particular occasions only．
tinuously over this period or on particular occasions only． ＇I．Xúce⿴⿱冂一⿰丨丨丁口内，as previously read and restored，$v .14422,163727,1724$ I3；
 word is presumed to have begun c．A．D．297，v．Vandersleyen，Chronologie des préfets，p． roo．

14 àveॄ́ápractoc ；add．lex．The context does not clearly define the meaning．

## 2713．Petition to A Prefect

$$
19 \times 26 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

A point of interest that this ordinary petition provides is the address to Aristius Optatus，the prefect whose name has become famous from his edict about the tax reforms of Diocletian（P．Cair．Isid．I）．

The petitioner claimed that her mother＇s two brothers were detaining the third share of her maternal grandfather＇s estate，which should have descended to her through her mother，and had illegally taken the profits from it during her minority．




 $\mu \mu^{\prime} \tau\left[\eta \rho, \hat{\epsilon}^{-}\right.$






















## סเєvтv́xє ${ }^{\circ}$



On the back, along the fibres:
$\epsilon \pi \iota \kappa \epsilon \phi a \lambda \epsilon .$.

'To Aristius Optatus, the most distinguished prefect of Egypt, from Aurelia Didyme, daughter of Didymus, from the glorious and most glorious city of the Oxyrhynchites. To be wronged by strangers is hard, but to be wronged even by kinsmen is very hard. There were born to my grandfather on my mother's side, Dioscorus, three children, Theon and after an interval my mother rendered up her life while I was under age and already an orphan. And you know very well, lord prefect, that the female tribe is by nature easily despised because of the weakness of our nature. For all that was left to us (?) by the foregoing inheritance-being one household and one family-was in that very house in which they lived in partnership, I mean because the slaves and lands and household and moveable goods were all held in common. But in the meanwhile my mother's brothers by the same mother, conspiring with one another in vain and empty madness with intent to defraud me, laid hands on the rest as they wished, each of them whatever he wanted of the slaves and everything else, taking no account of me but, so to speak, even thrusting me out of the inheritance that belongs to me of the third share. Now, however, recovering myself with the help of your watchful genius and beginning to recognize that I myself can have no (further ?) recourse to anyone but you, benefactor and guardian of me and of all, I made haste to beg you, as you see me being robbed, to give orders, whenever it pleases you, that my uncles on
my mother's side should be forced to restore to me the shares that fall to me, coming to me
by succession to my mother, along with the emoluments from that time till now of slaves and rents and all the rest, and when I receive back my mother's possessions as a result of your good (2nd hand) 'I, Aurelia Didyme, sent (the petition) for submission. I, Aurelius Thonis, wrote on her behalf because she does not know letters.'
 relatively rare in the papyri. Mayser (I, p. 210) says that it does not occur in Ptolemaic documents. Cf. Croenert, Mem. Gr. Herc. p. 95 n. I, with its reference to BGU 636. 33.

 (Subsidia Hagiographica 19 (Brussels, 1932), p. 268. 24).

Io Éauroic. Probably equals $\dot{\eta} \mu \hat{\nu} v a i z o \hat{i}$,, v. Mayser
$12 / \mathrm{I} 3$ ii, pp. 63 seq. the petitioner's uncles, possibly with the addition of her mother Plutarche, though her death has already been referred to ( 7 f .). To restore a feminine (e.g. oikoîcau, mâcau) would assume an error of fact. 19/20 oviठєขl... $\eta^{\prime}$. There seems hardly room for $\alpha \lambda \lambda \omega$ at the end of the line, but it must



24 T[icre| $\omega$. Exempli gratia, cf. P. Strassb. 296 recto 16.
Verso. This endorsement is hard to understand. 'Poll-tax' is not obviously appropriate. 'Summary' is perhaps more likely, though in that case it seems to have been any case of èmuchádov or -avo, though it can hardly be anything else.
2714. Nomination of Village Liturgists

$$
\text { II } \times 33 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

29th Aug. A.D. 256
This is a straightforward document of the type officially called $\pi \rho o c \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \mu \alpha$ (e.g. P. Flor. 2 i 3), submitting to the strategus the names of the liturgists designated by the villagers for the year just beginning. The names of the strategus and his deputy do not appear in the lists by Henne and Mussies (in Pap. Lugd. Bat. xiv).

The verso, which is much rubbed, has been used for a list of names in alphabetical order.


$\pi \alpha \rho \alpha ̀ ~ А v ̀ \rho \eta \lambda i ́ \omega \nu ~ \Pi а у \omega ́ v ı о с ~ \Pi а ~ . ~ . ~ т о с ~ к а і ~ \Pi а-~$
таи́pıoс Сараิтос $\dot{\alpha} \mu ф о т є ́ \rho ю \nu ~ к \omega \mu а р \chi \omega ิ \nu ~$




## є́cт८ $\delta \epsilon ́$.




Пата́ $\chi \chi \eta$ с Пєки́сьос $\mu \eta(\tau \rho o ̀ c)$ П入оvта́рхךс
$\pi \epsilon \delta \iota \circ \phi u ́ \lambda \alpha \xi \xi \cdot \mathrm{~K} \alpha ́ c \tau \omega \rho \mathrm{~T} \eta \lambda \epsilon \mu a ́ \chi o v \mu \eta(\tau \rho o ̀ c)$ Taúpıoc




Пє́ттьрıс Мєтáitoc $\mu \eta(\tau \rho o ̀ c) ~ K o \lambda \lambda a u ́ x ı o c ~$








 үра́ $\mu \boldsymbol{\mu} \alpha$ ．

$$
\text { 22. } \delta \text { corr. e } \gamma \text {. }
$$

＇To Aurelius Sabinus，strategus of the Oxyrhynchite nome，through Aurelius Petronius his deputy，from Aurelius Pagonis，son of P ．．，and Aurelius Patauris，son of Saras，both comarchs of the hamlet of Paneui for the past third year，the list of liturgists of the presen fourth year compiled by us with the consent of the people of the hamlet，

It is as follows ：
 Heracleus，whose mother is Takathis．

Overseer of the peace：Patarches，son of Pekysis，whose mother is Plutarche．
Field guard ：Castor，son of Telemachus，whose mother is Tauris．
Watchmen for village and crops：Plution，son of Diogas，whose mother is Heraclous Pekysis，son of Ammonius，whose mother is Tamounis ；Cephalon，son of Papontos，whos mother is Taharphocras ；Pettiris，son of Metais，whose mother is Collauchis．
＇Guard of the threshing－floor：Saion，son of Horus，whose mother is Plutarche ；all from the same hamlet with sufficient means and fit for the services．

In the fourth year of the emperors Caesars Publius Licinius Valerianus and Publ Licinius Valerianus Gallienus，Pii，Felices，Augusti．Thoth rst．（2nd hand）We，Aurelius Licinius Valerianus Gallienus，Pil，Felices，Augusti．Thoth 1st．（2nd hand）We，Aurelius
Pagonis and Aurelius Patauris have submitted（this list）．I，Aurelius ．．on，son of Plution，from the city of the Oxyrhynchi，wrote on their behalf since they do not know letters．＇
$21 \quad \tau \in \lambda^{-}$．Perhaps $\tau \in \lambda(\epsilon \omega \omega \theta$ é $\nu)$ ，or the like，indicating that the appointments were confirmed and published（v．，e．g．，P．Flor． 2 i 1 ff．）by the strategus．It appears to be in the same hand as the body of the document．

2715．Nomination to a Liturgy

$$
\text { II } \times 26 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

30th Aug．A．D． 386
There are two copies of this submission，one much better spelt than the other and complete except for some damage to the middles of the first four lines． The second contains only lines $1-16$ ．The text printed is that of the first，and the orthographic variants have not been recorded，but the second papyrus has been useful for the restoration of the names of the consuls and the logistes，

M．Merten＇s in his book Les Services de l＇état civil quotes some documents that tend to show that the systates held office for a year（Table，p．44）and deduced from certain texts showing the same systates in action over a long period that ex－holders could be re－appointed in every third year．The present systates is now known to have been active in $363 / 4$（1116）， $38 \mathrm{I} / 2$（PSI IIo8） and $386 / 7$（2715），and the interval between the last two dates is incompatible with a theory of regular re－appointment，though not with a minimum period of two clear years between appointments．

## 

$\kappa \alpha i \quad \Phi \lambda(\alpha o v i o v) E\left[\right.$ uodíov• ］$\Theta \dot{\omega} \theta \alpha^{\prime}$ ．


5 av̉兀ท̂c $\pi o ́ \lambda \epsilon \omega c$ cvccárov фu入ท̂c $\Delta \rho o ́ \mu о v$
Гvuvaciov каì ả $\lambda \lambda \omega \nu$ ả $\mu \phi o ́ \delta \omega \nu \cdot \delta i \delta \delta \omega-$





$\pi \epsilon ́ \mu \pi \tau \eta \subset ~ \kappa a i ̀ ~ a v ̉ \tau \eta ̂ ఁ ~ \pi \epsilon ́ \mu \pi \tau \eta c$








$\delta \omega \kappa \alpha$ ．
＇In the consulship of Flavius Honorius，the most noble，and Flavius Euhodius．Thoth Ist．
＇To Flavius Hesychius，logistes of the Oxyrhynchite nome，from Aurelius Mouses，son of Theon，from the same city，systates of the tribe of the Gymnasium Street and other quarters．I present and announce at my own personal risk for naval service on the public flat boats for one year from the ist Thoth until the fifth of the intercalary days of Mesore， inclusive of the fifth，of the present year 63 （and） 32 ，of the present fifteenth indiction，the after－mentioned person who is fit for the office．

He is ：－Aurelius Antiochus，son of Dorotheus，from the same city，of the same tribe．＇ （2nd hand）＇I，Aurelius Mouses，systates，submitted（this nomination）．＇

2 The second copy has $\Phi$ גaovi $[$ ov $\mid$ Eij］ 0 iov．
3 The second copy has Фגaoviov＇Hcuxiov（sic）．The name of the logistes is new，i．e． not in the list given by B．R．Rees in $J J P 7-8$（1953－4），pp．104－5－

4 Movéec．See introd．
$9{ }^{\prime} \phi^{\prime}$＇ev｜avodov．The aspiration is often found，cf．1116，PSI mio8，Mayser I，p． 200.


2716．TAX－RECEIPT FOR є̇тькєфá̀aıoע $\pi o ́ \lambda \epsilon \omega c$

$$
7.5 \times 7 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

A．D． $302 / 3$




5 ápyvpíov $\delta \rho a \chi \mu(\dot{\alpha} c) \chi \iota \lambda i ́ a c$
ठıакосiac $\gamma($（ivovtat $)$＇Ac

＇There was paid for city poll－tax of the present igth， 18 th，and xrth year in the name of Maximus，a tow－worker（ $?$ ），one thousand two hundred drachmae of silver，total， $\mathrm{x}, 200 \mathrm{dr}$ ．＇

2 тблдєшc．See 2717 I note．
3 19 Diocletian， 18 Maximian，II Constantius and Galerius＝A．D． $302 / 3$ ．
4 〈c）خuттac．The reading is very doubtful，but cf． 25799.
f． 2717 and papyrus is torn below this line．Probably there was an official subscription， cf． 2717 and the parallel texts cited there in the note to 1. I


$$
7 \times I I \mathrm{~cm}
$$

A．D．294－7
 and dates a catholicus，Memmius Rufus，who has probably appeared also in 1410 r，where the nomen was read as $M \underset{\sim}{\alpha}\left[\nu \nu^{\prime}\right] \rho[v]$ ．
$\delta_{\iota \epsilon \gamma \rho \alpha ́ \phi} \eta \eta$ v̛（ $\left.\pi \epsilon \grave{\rho} \rho\right)$ è $\pi \iota \kappa \epsilon \phi[\alpha] \lambda[\alpha i o v$

$\tau \hat{\omega} \nu \kappa v \rho i \omega \nu \nu \dot{\eta} \mu \hat{\omega} \nu[\Delta] \iota \kappa \lambda \lambda \eta[\tau \iota a \nu \circ \hat{v}$
кai Masıuıavô $\Sigma_{\epsilon \beta} \beta[c \tau] \hat{\omega}[\nu$

$\tau \hat{\nu} \nu$ ย̇тьфаขєстáт $\omega \nu$［Kaccáp $\omega \nu$



10＂А $\mu \mu \omega \nu$［áp］${ }^{2} \gamma v \rho i o v \delta \rho \alpha \chi[\mu a ̀ c$

$\mathrm{X} \omega \in i \omega \nu$ сvстáтクс



ä $\lambda \lambda а с$ брахма̀с ộк［такосіас
$(\gamma \nu \nu).(\delta \rho.) \omega^{\prime} \ldots$ X $\omega c i \omega \nu[$
сvстáтク！［
9．1．Me $\mu \mu t o v$＇Poúфov．Io．1．＂A A $\mu \omega v o c$.
＇There was paid for（city）poll－tax of the present Irth，roth and 3 rd year of our lords Diocletian and Maximian，the Augusti，and Constantius and Galerius，the most noble Caesars，in accordance with the commands of the most illustrious catholicus，Memmius Rufus，in the name of Ammon，one thousand two hundred drachmae of silver，total 1200 dr ． ＇I，Chosion，systates，through Heron，assistant，signed．
(2nd hand) 'The same Ammon paid, for (city poll-tax of ?) the $\mathbf{r} 3$ th, $x$ th and 5 th year, another eight hundred drachmae.
 PSI 302, 780 or 2578 . It is doubtful whether any distinction is intended. The signature of the systates, a municipal official, certainly shows that a city tax is referred to here.

2 11, IO, $3=A . D .294-5$.
 Mar $\left[\nu i i^{\prime}\right][v \mid$ 'Pov́dov of 1410 I . That document is now in Cairo.
2717 supplies him with a more reliable date than the one obtainable from 1410, v. J. Lallemand, L'Administration, p. 257.
io "A "uuv. It is not necessary to supply a name in the preceding line and regard this as a patronymic. Single names suffice in several of the parallels, and confirmation is supplied here from line 14. The disregard of grammar is also paralleled in other receipts.

II All that is dotted here after soakociac is illegible and should be regarded as restored from the parallels.
from the parallels.

$I_{5} \mathbf{1}_{3}, \mathbf{r}_{2},[5]=\mathrm{A} . \mathrm{D} .296-7$. It is a little surprising that the payments are not for successive years, but cf., for example, P. Cair. Isid. 34.



2718. RECEIPT
$22 \times 3 \mathrm{Icm}$.
5th June, A.D. 458
Four ironsmiths acknowledge to a senator the receipt of money for expenditure on nails and other materials for a public bath. Because of the scarcity of fifth-century papyri, it can be regarded as having some interest, and the building of new public baths shows that things did not come completely to a standstill during this period.

I owe some improvements of the text to a pupil with whom I re-read it, Mr. W. J. Tait.
$\leftrightarrow \mu \epsilon \tau \grave{\alpha}, \tau \eta \dot{\eta}]$ ن̀ $̇ \pi a \tau i \alpha \nu \Phi \lambda a[$ oví $\omega$ ] $\nu \mathrm{K} \omega v \subset \tau \alpha \nu \tau i v o v$ кai 'Poúфov $\tau \hat{\omega} \nu$ $\lambda \alpha \mu \pi \rho o \tau \alpha ́] \tau \omega \nu \cdot$ Паиิvı ıа.




## 











 каì vôv $\tau \alpha ̀ ~ S ̣[$. $\qquad$




]...............

 $\nu^{\prime} o^{\prime}(\mu \iota с \mu a ́ \tau \iota a) \beta^{\prime}$.

## 17. 1. èvráqıov.

'After the consulship of Flavius Constantinus and Flavius Rufus the most illustrious. Payni irth.
' To . . Leucadius the venerable senator of the illustrious and most illustrious city of the Oxyrhynchites, Aurelius Abraham, son of Martyrius, Aurelius Serenus, son of Phoebammon, Aurelius Apphous, son of Didymus, Aurelius John, son of Cornelius, and Aurelius Samuel, son of Phoebammon, all ironsmiths from the same city. Our other earlier receipt remaining valid and warranted, in accordance with the integrity of it we declare with mutual lency, for the price of nails and other equipment supplied for the public bath which is now, with God shelp, being built two solidi of old, and for the assurance of the receipt of the aid two solidi we also drew up this receipt, which is valid, and in answer to the formal question we gave our assent.
(2nd hand). 'We, Aurelius Abraham, son of Martyrius, Aurelius Serenus, son of Phoebammon, Aurelius Apphous, son of Didymus, Aurelius John, son of Cornelius, and Aurelius Samuel, son of Phoebammon, the foregoing, made the receipt after receiving on the present occasion too (the allowances for ?) work on the public bath, and all the contents as aforesaid

IIo IV．DOCUMENTS OF ROMAN AND BYZANTINE PERIODS
satisfy us．I，Aurelius Herminus，son of Alypius，wrote on their behalf in their presence， because they do not know letters．
＇It was written through me，．．．＇
（Notarial signature）
Verso．＇（Receipt？of Abraham）and Serenus and Apphous and John and Samuel， ironsmiths from the（city）of the Oxyrhynchites ；two solidi of gold．＇
－ 2 入aurpoad́\}rav. Cf. Hornickel, Ehren-u. Rangprädikate, p. 26 and n．5．

 this expression is part of the bombastic Byzantine style and has no precise legal force．

II ėmxरpelac．W．J．T．
I2 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Ioôrpov．For Oxyrhynchite baths v．Rend．Ist．Lomb．lii（I9 } 19 \text { ），pp．} 300 \text { seq．}\end{array}$
r8 Space is too short for $\$$［vo vouccuárua，though an abbreviation would be possible， if the grammar can be carried on．The trace after the gap suits $a$ or $\omega$ best．

20 T［apóvz $\omega \%$ W．J．T．Cf． 1899 26， 195722.
22 This is a notarial signature，illegible to me，in a tallish sloping and very densely cramped cursive．



## 2719．Directions for Delivering Letters

＊

$$
11 \times 16 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

Third century
There are some papyrus letters which have short instructions to the bearer actually written on them and entitled cŋpacia（1678 28， 1773 40，and presumably P．Meyer 30． 56 －correcting $с \eta \mu[\hat{\sim} \hat{0}]] y$ to $с \eta \mu[a c i] a)$ ，but I believe that this is the first time that the instructions have survived independently of a letter and in such detail．

Rufus，the man to whom the letters were to be sent，seems to have lived in Hermopolis（1． 2 n ．），but the directions were discarded in Oxyrhynchus， perhaps by the letter－carrier after he had finished with them；or perhaps Rufus himself sent this note to his friends in Oxyrhynchus，who instructed their messenger by word of mouth．

The handwriting is a clear cursive of the third century，perhaps from near the end of it．The margins survive on three sides，but a few letters are missing at the beginning of each line except the first．
$\leftrightarrow \quad$ с $\eta \mu a c i a ~ \tau \hat{\nu \nu ~ е ̇ \pi \iota c т о \lambda i ́ \omega \nu ~ ' P o v ́ \phi o v ~}$




 $\left.\kappa \lambda_{\imath}\right] \mu a ́ \kappa \iota \alpha$ каì $\tau[\ldots] a$ ảvá $\beta \alpha$ каì ка́ ．．$\mu \psi о \nu$


 $\kappa \alpha i]$ катаvтıкрv̀ кv［р］топлокîov аủто仑


．．．］viтакоv́єє co九 є ．．．．．．！$\alpha \pi$ ．．$\epsilon$
15 ．．］．áלоитаи．
＇Directions for letters to Rufus．
＇From the Moon gate walk as if towards the granaries and，if you will，turn left at the first street behind the Thermae，where（there is）a ．．．，and go westwards．Go down the a seven－storey house and on top of the gatehouse（a statue of Fortune ？）and opposite a basket－weaving shop．Inquire there or from the concierge and you will be informed．And shout yourself ．．．will answer you ．．．＇
 where the form is the same．Alexandria had a gate called the Ceגخेणŋe múdau，$v$ ．Calderini， Disionario dei nomi，p． 147.
$\pi \epsilon \rho \mid\left[\pi d^{\prime}\right]$ $] \eta c o v$ ？Perhaps not the exact word，but for the sense of＇walk in a particular direction＇，as opposed to＇walk about＇，cf，BGU 380．I＇seqq．ypátov ноє каi ұarapévou
 6 ］oc The broken lett
ken letter is an upright with a crossbar，i．e．$\tau$ or $\pi . \quad a[$ ．．］roc or


9 ．．．Jov．Supply $\left.{ }^{i} \in \rho\right]$ ô or something more specific，such as＇Ici＇jou＝＇Iccílov．
 house known from the papyri is four storeys high．Diodorus（145）mentions houses of four and five storeys in Diospolis．This mention of a seven－storey house therefore adds some－ thing to our ideas of the appearance of a metropolis in Roman Egypt．My impression from the context is that it was more like a Roman tenement than a grand town house．Professor rurner suggests that it was a mud－brick house reared up against a pyion or wall of a an
 （？fish）baskets＇（ed．pr．）． 220 （cf．Tabachovitz，Études，p．56）фwrìv Bád $\overline{\text { I }} \boldsymbol{\text { I }}$ appears not to
 way of taking it here is of a shout for admission followed by a response from inside，vinakovea being used in its special technical sense of＇answer the door＇．
 would do, and Lusius seems plausible in company with Rufus. ódove $\bar{\phi}[$ [, on the other hand, gives me no ideas.
I4 $\epsilon \ldots \ldots,{ }^{\text {Iat }}$, My impression is $\epsilon, \frac{\text { (descender) } \epsilon \text { (horizontal, cap. ?), } \tau \text { (or part }}{}$ of $\pi\}$ ), $a$ (very doubtful, $o$ ? ), $\pi$ (or $\%$. or $\tau$.), 2 or 3 characterless traces, $\}, a, \pi, \circ$ or $~ q, ~ I$

$\stackrel{I 5}{ } \quad$.
2720. Sale of House

$$
22 \times 18.4 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

This sheet contains two related documents, written by the same hand: Io-24 a deed of sale, I-9 a bank-receipt for the sales-tax. Compare 99 (where the receipt comes second) and 577 (the sale only). The form is a Ptolemaic survival; so too are the additional charges mentioned in 8-9.
 $\mu \eta \nu$ òs каисарєiov $\bar{\eta}$ сє $\beta$ аст $\hat{\imath} \iota$
 $\mu \epsilon ́ \tau о \chi о \iota \cdot \tau \epsilon ́ \tau \alpha \kappa \tau \alpha \swarrow ~ ఆ \alpha ́ \iota c ~ ' А \mu \epsilon \nu \nu \epsilon ́ \omega c ~ \mu \epsilon \tau \alpha$
 vi[ $\pi \alpha ́ \rho \chi \circ \nu \tau \circ \subset ~ a v ̉ \tau \hat{\eta} \iota ~ \delta \omega \delta \epsilon \kappa \alpha ́ \tau о v$
 $\kappa \alpha i$ є̇झóסov (?) каi t $\omega \hat{\nu}$


 $\pi \alpha[\rho \dot{\alpha} \tau \circ \hat{v} \tau \hat{c} \subset \dot{\alpha} \delta \in \lambda \phi \hat{\eta} c$ av̉rท̂c
 $\chi \alpha[\lambda \kappa о \hat{v} \pm$ Io letters $\chi a \lambda \kappa o \hat{v}$
 $\dot{\alpha}^{\alpha} \rho \gamma(v \rho \rho \iota \nu){ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Ev} \dot{\epsilon} \boldsymbol{\epsilon} \pi!\delta \epsilon \kappa$, $[ \pm \mathbf{I} 5$ letters
 $\beta \rightarrow C \quad[$



 $\pm 25$ letters
 ( $\mathfrak{\epsilon} \tau \hat{\omega} \nu) \mu \beta \mu \in[\operatorname{cov} \pm 20$ letters
 'Aтрє́ove тov̂ 'A $\tau \rho \in ́ o v e$
 $\pm 25$ letters
 єicódov кai éछ́óov (?) кai
 $\mu \in \nu . . .[ \pm 20$ letters


 oiki[ac $\pm 20$ letters
 $\pm 20$ letters
 letters ámò


]. . [
'(Year . . .) of Tiberius Claudius Caesar Augustus Germanicus Imperator, 8th of the month Caesareus, dies augusta, through the bank in Oxyrhynchus of which . . I lemon and his partners are head. Thais daughter of Amenneus, under the guardianship of her husband Thoonis son of ..., has paid in respect of a property of hers-a twelfth share of a twostorey house, under which is a the purchaser and (others?...) located at the Serapeum in common and ind the street (known as) the street of Ax...which house-share she bought in oxyrhynch of her sister Heraclous, Hatres son of Hatres, by a transaction before the from the sor ( 9 talents) of bronze-five thousand four hundred dr. in tax, bronze for silver, making 5,400 , bronze for silver ; a surcharge of one tenth . . .; with transport charge two drachmae one obol one half-obol, (making ? . . .) transport charge 2 dr . $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ob.
'Year . . . of Tiberius Claudius Caesar Augustus Germanicus Imperator, month Caesareus 8, dies augusta, at Oxyrhynchus in the Thebaid, before. ., agoranomi: Thais, daughter of Amenneus, age about 32 years . . ., acting under the guardianVOL. XXXIV
ship of her own husband Thoonis son of . ., age about 42 years, middle height . . - -bought from her sister Heraclous' son Hatres son of Hatres, age about 18 years, middle height, honey-coloured, long-faced, with a scar on the left thigh . . . a twelfth share of a two-storey house, beneath which is a celliar, and of the entrance and exit and the appurtenances, held in common and indivisibly by the purchaser . located at the Serapeum in Oxyrhynchus in the street (known as) the street of Axa... neighbours of the whole house and cellar-on the south the entrance and exit of Sotades' house . . . on the west (property) of Horus the weaver, on the east a public street: (price) ... talents bronze ... and the seller shall guarantee the stated twelfth share of the house .., from everything by every kind of guarantee, in the street afore-
 This bank is not registered by Calderini, Aeg. I8 (1938), pp. 260 ff .

 $\mu$ evov. . . кai érépove. Neither avvo[ nor $\tau o p[$ can be read.

 Axapes, basilicogrammateus of the Oxyrhynchite nome in the mid-third century b.c. (P. Mich. Zeno 82, introd.).
$7-9$ The normal rate of sales-tax for the time and place was $10 \%$ (Wallace, Taxation,
448 n. 60 ) : hence the price of the property will have been p. 448 n .60 ) : hence the price of the property will have been exactly 9 talents copper. The tax was paid in copper instead of in silver, and so became liable to a surcharge of $10 \%$ ( 540 dr. copper) and a transport charge of 2 dr . $\mathrm{I} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ob}$. ( $\mathrm{r} / 2400$ of the original tax).

8 eтf $\delta$ eк[: again in 99 I9. Wallace has some very dubious further speculations, recurs in Oxyrhynchite texts of the later first century (49, 50, 242, 243, 333), but there no additional charge is specified or deducible : the words may have become a meaningless convention. The justification for such a charge had in any case disappeared much earlier: Milne, JEA II (I925), p. 269.
bulky ${ }^{9}$ copar]arwyiut: Preaux, L'Economie royale, p. 335: a charge for transporting the bulky copper coinage. It appears in obscure circumstances in two other early Roman documents: Wallace, Taxation, pp. 43 and 325 ; Schuman, $C d^{\prime} \dot{E} 3^{8}$ ( 1963 ), p. 315.

IO-II If the supplements in I6 and 18 are right, the lines of this section had $\pm 75$ letters, like those of the first section. But nothing seems to be missing between aưтoкрáropoc and $\mu \eta \nu \delta c^{\circ}$.

II $\bar{\eta}$ cєßact $\bar{\eta}$ : : add Mesore 8 to Snyder's list, Aeg. 44 (1964), p. 16I. The 8th was the anniversary of Claudius' birth.

I4 $\alpha \phi_{\beta} . \nu$ : presumably $\dot{\delta} \phi p \hat{v} \nu$ was intended, but I cannot read it.

 is apparently blank; 23 then begins a new clause-probably the names of the agoranomi who conducted the transaction.
2721. Work Contract for Entertainers
$6.5 \times 23.5 \mathrm{~cm}$.
roth Oct., A.D. 234
By this contract the representatives of the men of an Oxyrhynchite village hired flautists and a dancing girl to entertain them for the four days of a festival. This type of document is now well known and the previous examples are conveniently collected in M. Vandoni, Feste pubbliche e private, Nos. 14-28 (add P. Alex. 6, P. Strasb. 34 I in Bull. de la Faculté des Lettres de Strasbourg, Nov. I966, p. 232).
 $\lambda i ́ \omega v$ Bapßápov каi 'Hpâc ${ }^{\text {'H }} \mathrm{H} \rho \hat{\alpha} \tau о с$ ả $\mu \phi o ́ \tau[\epsilon-$




 $\lambda \eta \phi$ éval tòv 'Avtivoov còv $\pi$ ác[n



 $\mu \iota c \theta о \hat{v}$ є́кácтךс ทं $\mu \epsilon ́ \rho \alpha c ~ \delta \rho \alpha \chi \mu \hat{\omega} \nu$ $\pi \epsilon \nu \tau \eta \eta^{\prime} о \nu \tau \alpha$ каіे ${ }^{\alpha} \rho \tau \omega \nu$ گєvуิิข
 $\delta \hat{v}[0] \chi \omega \rho i c ~ \tau o \hat{v} \chi \omega \rho o \hat{v} \nu \tau[0] c \epsilon i c \tau \eta े \nu$ $\lambda а \mu \pi \alpha ́ \delta a$ каі $\mu \in \rho \stackrel{\imath}{\kappa}<\hat{v}$ ย́vòc каі тท̂с
 ท̀ $\mu \in \rho \hat{\omega} \nu$ oi้ขov кєрацiov ėvóc, тđáv $\tau \omega(\nu)$

 үоу ảppaßิิขoc $\delta \rho a \chi \mu$ сेс єौкоси каі


 $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha с \tau \eta ́ c o v с \iota ~ \epsilon i ́ c ~ \tau \grave{\nu} \nu \kappa \omega ́ \mu \eta \nu \kappa \alpha i$
$\pi a[p] \epsilon ́ \xi o v \tau \alpha \iota$ av̉roîc каì $\xi \in \nu i a \nu$
$\dot{\alpha} \subset \phi \alpha \lambda \hat{\eta}\{\nu\}$ каi $\alpha \nu \in \pi \eta \rho \in ́ a c \tau о \nu$
каi $\mu \epsilon \tau \grave{\alpha} \tau \alpha ̀ \subset ~ \grave{\eta} \mu \epsilon ́ \rho a c \tau \epsilon ́ c c a \rho a c$
$30 \pi \lambda \eta \rho \dot{c} c a \nu \tau \epsilon c$ av̉rov̀c $\pi \hat{\alpha ̂ c \iota ~ т о ̂ ̂ c ~} \mu \iota \subset-$


 $\chi \epsilon i \tau \eta \nu \delta \iota \dot{\alpha} \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \stackrel{i}{i} \omega \omega \nu \stackrel{o}{o} \nu \omega \nu$

тívooc єu่ठоки̂ тâcı тоîc трокєi$\mu \epsilon ́ v o ı c \cdot ~ \kappa v ́ \rho ı \nu ~ т o ̀ ~ o ́ ~ \mu о \lambda o ́ \gamma \eta \mu \alpha ~ \delta ı с-~$
 $\mathrm{A} \dot{\imath}[\tau о] \kappa \rho \alpha ́ \tau о \rho о с$ Kaíca. $о с$


$c \in \beta] a c \tau о \hat{v}^{*}$ Фа $\omega$ фı $\boldsymbol{y}^{\prime}$

$\pi$ âcı тоі̂c $\pi \rho о к ц \mu \in ́ v[о \iota с$.
'There contract with one another Aurelius Ptollion, son of Barbarus, and Aurelius Heras, son of Heras, both presidents of the men of the village of Nesmeimis, who are celebrating a festival, and Antinous, son of Hermias, first flute and supervisor for this occasion, of three flute-players and one castanet dancer, Ptollion's party that they have taken on
Antinous and the whole band to do service for the men who are having a feast for four days Antinous and the whole band to do service for the men who are having a feast for four days rate of fifty drachmae, twelve pairs of loaves, two kotylai of radish-oil apart from what goes to the lamp, one segmented loaf (?), the usual service, and every day one keramion of wine all free from encumbrances. And from the hire money Antinous has received on the spot by way of earnest money twenty drachmae and they will transport him and the others, act of God apart, from the Oxyrhynchite nome with three donkeys and will transport them to the village and will provide for them also safe and undisturbed lodging and after the four days having satisfied them with all the hire money and the separate deliveries in kind all to the full amount they will necessarily transport them on the fifteenth to the same Oxyrhynchite nome with the equal number of three donkeys truly and faithfully. And Antinous consents to all the foregoing. The agreement, written in two copies, is valid. In the fourteenth year of the emperor Caesar Marcus Aurelius Severus Alexander, Pius, Felix, Augustus, Phaophi I3th.'
(and hand) 'I, Aurelius Antinous, consent to all the foregoing.'
3 mpocrárau. Cf. San Nicolò, Ägyptisches Vereinswesen, ii, p. 59.
5 ripwravinjc. Cf. SIG 1257 . This word should be recognized also in P. Lond. 33 I.
 the end and the large $\tau$ in the middle suggests an abbreviation, $v$. Plates, vol. ii, no. 65 ); so


 allows some corrections to be made, see $C d^{\prime} \dot{E}_{42}$ ( 1967 ), p. 225, and add for 1. I4 [kai] allows some
 obscured by the descender of the $\rho$ of $\pi \rho \omega \tau a v \lambda \eta c$ above and some of it seems to have been lost in the preceding gap. The surviving trace might be a $\varphi$, which rather suggests $[\tau \omega] \nu$, but I do not see why that should have been added.

7 тареє $\mid \lambda \eta \phi$ éva. This is the characteristic term in these contracts, cf. Vandoni, nos. 15. 4, 16. 4, 17. 4, 20. 4, 21. 9, 24. 5. Therefore in P. Alex. 6. 13 пapadaßîv governs avỉqqác (I6), and that document is one of this type. [rì $\pi$ ]apa0 $0 \dot{\eta} \kappa \eta \nu$ in the earlier part of 1 . I3 does not seem to be justified by the photograph (Pl. III), though I am unable to read the remains satisfactorily.
 ative.

Io seqq. The details are reminiscent of the festival of Isis, which also lasted for four days of Hathyr, but the dates of the Isieia are given as Hathyr ${ }^{17}-20$ ( $v$. Merkelbach, I2 The usual /-shaped sign for ërouc is followed by a horizontal stroke above the letter level, but there seems not to be a trace of is or room for it.

I7 daumóo. Since there was a possibility that the entertainers would have to pay for oil supplied to this lamp, I suppose it is more likely to have been their own theatrical lighting than village property.

нерико仑. The context of 16557 suggests some sort of bread-a ' segmented loaf ',
 from Coptic enpar, 'flour, wheat'.

24 xwpic $\theta$ eov̀ вíac. Cf. 144 II (of A.D. 580) סíxa $\theta . \beta$. ; v. Modica, Papirologia giuridica, It is evidently nothing to do with the legislation of Justinian,

 like Souis there, is inside the Oxyrhynchite nome. It may mean that transport will be arranged from anywhere within the nome. Transport in both directions is regularly provided by these contracts, but good business must occasionally have required the entertainers to go straight from one engagement to the next without a return to their base. The base was presumably in Oxyrhynchus, since the papyrus was dug up there.

25 övay qpûv. It seems to be implied that they rode the donkeys, but there were four of them at least, and five if Antinous was a leader with three subordinates rather than chief of three. The same problem arises in P. Lond. ii 33 (pp. r 54-5), where four donkeys sufficed for eight entertainers. In that contract four of the entertainers were girl dancers.
 'The Castanet Dancers of Arsinoe', $J E A \times$ (1922), p. 140.
2722. Mortgage Contract

$$
\mathrm{r}_{3} \times 26 \mathrm{~cm} \text {. }
$$

30th March, A.D. 154
This straightforward contract is a mortgage between the two persons called Thonis in the genealogical table below.


Thonis (A) acknowledges a loan of 600 drachmae from Thonis (B) on a threeyear term and for its return pledges shares in a house which he holds in common with his brother Hephaestas and his sister Tasempothe.

An interesting detail is the new title of $\pi v \rho a i \theta \eta c$ which both parties possess as priests of Athena Thoeris. The nearest parallel is $\pi \cup{ }^{p} p a \ell \theta o c$, which Strabo applies to Persian fire-worshippers (733). Since the family names allude to the god of fire, as Ptah and Hephaestus, it seems quite likely that the title was hereditary. The connection of Thoeris with Ptah is rare, but there is a Ptolemaic inscription in which she is called 'beloved of Ptah', v. Roscher v 888.
$\leftrightarrow$

## $\alpha \theta a c$

$\Theta \hat{\omega \nu \iota c} \Psi^{\bullet} \epsilon \nu \epsilon \phi \theta \hat{\alpha} \tau \circ c$ тồ $\Psi \in \nu \epsilon \phi \theta \hat{\alpha} \tau \circ c \mu[\eta] \tau \rho o ̀ c$
























































$\delta \grave{\epsilon} \kappa \epsilon \pi \alpha \dot{\lambda} \lambda \epsilon \frac{\nu}{\tau} \tau \rho \_\kappa \alpha ́ \delta \iota ~ \Phi а \mu \epsilon \nu \dot{\omega} \theta$ то̂
60 єiкостоv̂ ย̈тovc 'Avtovívov Kaícapoc тô кvpiov,


тоv́c $\mu$ оv Tacє $\mu \phi \omega ́ \theta \eta \nu$ каi $[\tau]$ òv $\pi[\alpha \tau] \in ́ \rho \alpha ~ \alpha v ̉-~$


каi aiӨpiov каi хрךстךрíwv каi єicód $\omega \nu$ каi

9. 1. Mapruádioc.


36. 1. катахр $\mu a r i \zeta_{\epsilon} \epsilon \nu$


 (Verso)

Thonis, son of Psenephthas, grandson of Psenephthas, whose mother is ..., from the city of the Oxyrhynchi, fire-kindler of Athena Thoeris, the mighty goddess, Persian of the epigone, to my nephew Thonis, son of Hephaestas, grandson of Psenephthas, whose mother is Taseus, from the same city, fire-kindler of the same goddess, greeting.
'I declare that I have had from you through the bank of Hierax and his associated epiteretae at the Serapeum in the city of the Oxyrhynchi, under the supervision of Martialis,
who has made an offer (for the bank), 600 drachmae of silver of imperial coinage, total 600 drachmae, as a capital sum to which nothing at all has been added, at interest of a drachma per mou the interest ram the curren me rincipal year of Antoninus Caesar, the lord, without any delay ; and if I do not restore it as is written, I agree that there shall remain to you, Thonis, son of Hephaestas, and your descendants and successors in exchange for whatever I may fail to return after the term, power and control for all time over all the shares falling to me in common with my sibs Tasempothe and your father Hephaestas of a house in the western parts of the 'Tenth' quarter in a blind alley, and of its courtyard and offices and entrances and exits, of the whole of which the boundaries are on the south Sarapion's property, on the north the street, on the east Apis's property, on the west property of myself and my sibs, and (I agree) that you may pay by yourself, if you choose, the tax due on these things and own them as if a sale had been made to you and may receive the income and sell them to others and use them as you choose, no right of legal process remaining to me, but I shall necessarily deliver (claimants) by every sort of warranty and unaffected by any census return and free from liability to the cultivation of royal or domain land and from every sort of public claim and from everything else whatsoever, and until I make repayment it will not be possible for me to sell or mortgage the said shares of real property or any part of them, or otherwise dispose of them in any way or register anyone living in them or everything that I shall do to the contrary will be invalid, and it will be possible for you by yourself, from now on, whenever you choose, to establish possession through the land registry office until I return to you the capital and the interests, while there remains to you, Ihonis, son of Hephaestas, the choice and decision whether you wish, if after the term I do not act lawfully in the matter of the principal and interests, to control in place of them the said shares of the house on the foregoing conditions, or to make exaction of this same capital and the (other) things mentioned and, for the time in excess of the term, of interest at the same rate of a drachma per mina per month, from me and from the shares of the house and from all of my possessions as if by位

Pius. Pharmouthi 4th.' (Second hand) 'I
(Second hand) 'I, Thonis, son of Psenephthas, grandson of Psenephthas, have received from my nephew Thonis, son of Hephaestas, grandson of the same [i.e. a Psenephthas], 600 drachmae of silver as capital at interest of a drachma per mina per month from the current of Phamenoth in the 2oth year of Antoninus Caesar, the lord, and if not he will have control of all the shares falling to me in common with my sibs Tasempothe and his father Hephaestas of a house in the western district of the 'Tenth' quarter, in a blind alley, and of the courtyard and offices and entrances and exits on all the aforesaid conditions as (is) also (aforesaid).

I afac. The meaning of this heading escapes me, unless it is the proper name 'A $\theta$ ac (v. Pap. Lugd. Bat. v, Index IV). I owe to a pupil, Mr. W. J. Tait, the suggestion that the document, thould be atm. This has the merit that it could be linked with something in the it would be a curious formation with a loop at the top left and a long horizontal serif from the top of the right-hand upright.
3 rupali $\quad$ c. $\epsilon$ corr. from $\iota$.

8 'Iéfaкoc. This name and that of Martialis do not appear in Calderini, 'Censimento
topografico delle banche ', Aegyptus xxxviii, pp. 244 ff ., among the managers of the wellknown bank at the Serapeum.
 translation of 91 both in the ed. pr. and in Sel. Pap. i, no. 79-' for which E. issued the promise of payment -is obscure and misle

Verso. The way the endorsement is set out seems to imply the order $x(\epsilon \in \rho o \gamma) p(a p o y)$
 certainly the Egyptian feminine article, implying a woman's name, and there is no difficulty in translating $\dot{\alpha} \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi$ vic $_{c}(21,62)$ as 'sibs', v. LSJ. What one seems to require is $\chi(\epsilon \epsilon-$
 However, I have not discovered the name Tace $\mu \pi \omega \theta$ - elsewhere and there does remain the possibility that it is masculine.

## 2723. Sale of Vineyard, etc.

$30 \times 22 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Third century
Aurelia Apollonia sells a vineyard and its appurtenances; ownership passes to L. Calpurnius Firmus, a minor, whose father Gaius makes the contract and pays over the price. The contract takes the form of a synchoresis-both parties were citizens of Alexandria, with landed interests near Oxyrhynchus. This copy was never finished: there are two blanks in the text (lines 14 and I6), and the normal address formula is missing before line I (the upper margin of 5 cm . gives room for it). Presumably a draft or a duplicate.

The formulae are for the most part familiar : see for example 1276, 16971700, especially 1208. Interesting difficulties remain in I3-I4 and 18 .




 тò $\pi \rho i \nu \quad \chi \rho \eta \mu a \tau \iota \zeta o v e \eta c$ ' $А \pi о \lambda \lambda \omega \nu i ́ a c ~ \tau \hat{\jmath} c$


 тapà тov $\tau \alpha v ́ \tau \eta \subset$ viov















15


тov
$\pm 30$ letters ].. . $\nu$ ảprvpiov сє $\beta a c \tau о \hat{v} \nu о \mu i c \mu \alpha-$ тос $\delta \rho а \chi \mu \dot{\alpha} с \mu \nu \rho \iota$ space



$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { viov Taiov } & \pm 20 \text { letters }
\end{array}
$$





[roc
$\pm 30$ letters








## ] ${ }^{2} \alpha \nu \eta \epsilon \xi \alpha[$

25

## ]ep ${ }^{\text {acı[ }}$

 indented line should begin is marked by a short oblique stroke 7. $\gamma$ aïov.
8. covìv. 9. $\dot{\nu} \delta_{\rho} \rho$-,
II. ave[ojuc: not avtru\{c\}

I3. yaiov, vi $\pi$ -
From Lucius Calpurnius Gaius and however he is styled, senator, and formerly eutheniarch and cosmete, of the most illustrious city of the Alexandrians, gymnasiarch and prytanis-in-office of the city of the Oxyrhynchites,

And from Aurelia Apollonia also called Harpocratiaena, daughter of Publius, citizeness, as of Ptolemais-in-the-Thebaid formerly styled Apollonia also called Harpocratiaena daughter of Publius, mother Apollonia, from the city of the Oxyrhynchi, acting with the guardian assigned to her according to the customs of the Romans, Marcus Aurelius Ammonius als called Geminas, and however he is styled, and from her son :

They agree, Aurelia Apollonia also called Harpocratiaena that she has made conveyance to Calpurnius Gaius' son Lucius Calpurnius Firmus, a minor, of property she owns near the village of Souis in the lower toparchy of the Oxyrnynchite nome, part of the estate winepress and cask and squeezing machine and the irrigation works appurtenant with the apparatus attached to them, apparatus fitted out with complete wooden fitments and ironwork, and the equioment for these, and everything belonging and appertaining-eleven and three-quarters arourae or whatever the area may be-with the palm trees in it and around it and all the shoots and fruits. Adjoining all this: on the west a depression ; and on the other three sides, land of Calpurnius Gaius. And that Aurelia Apollonia also called Harpocratiaena has (retained ?) nothing for herself on the aforementioned . . . and if anything . . . remaining, this too belongs to the purchaser . . . (price) of the aforementioned (blank) and reed-bed, eleven and three-quarter arourae ... silver of the imperial coinage drachmae (blank) thousand . . . (which) Aurelia Apollonia also called Harpocratiaena has received on the spot from Calpurnius Gaius ... (a sum which) he states to be given as a gift (?) to the abovementioned purchaser his minor son . . . Wherefore the abovementioned purchaser Calpurnius Firmus, with his chilered to him as above . . and when he reaches his majority administer and use it as he chooses. Which land Aurelia Apollonia also called Harpocratiaena shall guarantee throughout from everything with every kind of guarantee and free from liability to the cultivation of royal and domain land .
 with estates at Oxyrhynchus) appears in other third-century documents: PSI 1252 Aurelius Calpurnius Firmus, former cosmete and eutheniarch of Alexandria; PSI 1255: Calpurnius Firmus, former cosmete, antarchiaicast and bel be our Firmus; so might the
Lucius Calpurnius Firmus. The third of these might well second if he is on the early (the document mentions an Aur. Horion who is otherwise ottested in $\mathbf{D}, 202$ and 209). Gaius' purchase removed an enclave in his existing estates (lines $\mathrm{I}_{2}-\mathrm{I} 3$ ).

3 d́crŋ̂c: citizeness of Alexandria, the normal meaning of the word (the contrary instances are textually doubtful : Arangio-Kuiz, Rev. int. des Droits a Ant. 4 (1950), pp. 1 seqq.). The formula contrasts her official style at Alexandria with her style earier at Ptolemais : there is a similar phrase at M. Chr. 299. 2, which should be similarly interpreted (P. Merton i 5. 2, note). For the change of style compare, e.g., P. Baden 72, where Psena mounis acquires Roman citizenship by military service. Harpocratiaena seems to have acquired both Alexandrian and Roman citizenship since her days in Ptolemais: Roman citizenship by the Constitutio Antoniniana, presumably.

 Jkeval éavroîc


 But why the gap in 55 ? The property is fully described elsewhere in the document - In 6 the indentation leaves room for the name of Apollonia's son the indentation leaves room the name or Apollonia's son 16998 and 17005

18-19 The general sense of this clause is clear : the father must state explicitly that the money paid over for the land is a present from him to his son (otherwise he himsel becomes the legal owner of the estate). see Pringsheim, Greek Lawe g Sale, pp. 217-19, and especially 1208 16-17. The details are difficult. 1208 reads : aurod aтєcxov парd co

 to you, as you state, . . $\therefore$; and that 2723 had $\pi \rho o \phi \in \rho_{\rho} \in[\tau] a[L$ in the same sense. (I cannot read apoc- in 2723, or $\pi \rho o-$ in 1208.) But observe that the subject here would be the father, not the son as in 1208. The preceding word ended in $-\theta \varepsilon \nu$, but the traces do not suggest by the traces.

 24.
2724. Receipt for Part of a Water-Wheel

## $22 \times 30 \mathrm{~cm}$.

1gth Oct., A.D. 469
This is an early example of a common type of document, antedated only by P. Med. 64 of about A.D. 440, see the list in Aegyptus xxxvii (9957), p. 98. Flavia Cyria, the landowner, has not appeared before in these volumes.

$\Phi а \hat{\omega} \phi \iota \kappa \beta^{\prime} \eta i \nu \delta \iota \kappa(\tau i \omega \nu \circ c)$











єic $\dot{\alpha} \nu \alpha \pi \lambda \eta \eta^{\prime} \rho \omega \subset[\iota \nu] \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \mu \eta \chi \alpha \nu \iota \kappa \omega ิ \nu$ ó $\rho \gamma a ́ \nu \omega \nu$










25

$$
\notin d i \ldots
$$

On the back along the fibres:


$$
\text { 20. 1. } \chi \epsilon \rho \rho \gamma \rho a \phi\langle l a \dot{\alpha} \pi \lambda \hat{j} \gamma \rho a \phi\rangle \epsilon \hat{c} a \text {. }
$$

'In the consulship of Flavius Zeno and Flavius Marcianus, most illustrious men. Phaophi 22nd, 8th indiction.
'To Flavia Cyria, most illustrious and most noble landowner in the illustrious and most illustrious city of the Oxyrhynchites, Aurelius Pasoerius, son of Cornelius, and Aurelius John, son of Phoebammon, registered farmers from the hamlet of Chaira(s ?), a property of your Magnificence in the same nome. Since even now the need has arisen for an axle for the estate water-wheel in our charge called Pso, which waters arable land, we came up to the city and asked your lliustriousness that it axle for a water-wheel, new and in good condition, to complete the machinery of the said axle for a water-wheel, new and in good condition, to complete the mach of the eighth indiction, but in the farming season for the ninth epinemesis, and we declare with mutual guarantees that we will perform the water-drawing and the distribution of water blamelessly. The contract, of which there is a single copy, is valid and in answer to the formal question we gave our assent.
'We, Aurelius Pasoerius, son of Cornelius, and Aurelius John, son of Phoebammon, made the contract after receiving the new axle and everything satisfies us, as is aforesaid I , Aurelius Sarapammon, son of Theon, wrote on their behalf because they are illiterate.
'Through . . .'
(Verso) 'Contract for one axle . . .'

 may be other possibilities, $v$. Pap. Lugd. Bat. xiii, no. I5. I3 (èhevíac), 190025 (vípomapoxelac


## 2725. Letter to Adrastus and Spartacus

## $16 \times 13.3 \mathrm{~cm}$.

29th April, A.D. 7 x
This letter has lost its opening, but the addressees are named on the back:
 some damage at the beginning; the gaps can be estimated from the certain supplements in $17-18$. The hand is a fluent cursive, typical of its period.

The writer finds himself in a major city, very probably Alexandria. He writes mostly about private business-trading, legal processes, pig-fodder. But at 18 he turns to a public event: ' the lord Caesar entered on the 30 th at the and hour . . $\therefore$ This date would most naturally be the 30 th next before the date of the letter, i.e. 30 Pharmouthi or 25 th April, A.D. 7x. And the Caesar must be Titus.

Titus passed through Egypt on his way home from the Jewish war. He embarked at Alexandria for Rome (Josephus, $B J$ vii 5.3 ) ; on the way to Alexandria he visited Memphis (Suet. Titus 5). The chronology is ill-defined. Titus had been at Berytus on his father's birthday, 17 th November, 70 ( $B J$ vii 3. x). He travelled through Syria as far as Zeugma, then returned through Antioch and Jerusalem and so across the desert to Alexandria ( $B J$ vii 5. 1-3). Chambalu (Philologus 44 (1885), p. 507) estimated the travelling-time required for such an itinerary, and concluded that Titus cannot have reached Alexandria before 6th May, 7I. But the estimate is naturally fallible. Nothing here forbids us to suppose that Titus was in Egypt in late April. Thence he set out for Rome, and for the Jewish triumph, which he celebrated a few days after his arrival ( $B J$ vii $5 \cdot 3$ )-in June, according to the normal supposition.

All in all, it seems safe to conclude that Titus Caesar made his entrance into Alexandria towards 7 o'clock on the morning of 25 th April, A.D. 7 I.

The text and notes below owe much to the help of Professor H. C. Youtie.
...]....[..].т... .ca ..[...]..[.]..[








10 $\qquad$













3. l. ผ̂ठє. 8. 1. é eqvoxúc.
13. ouk added above the line.
17. 1. xopra-
сцӓтшv. Ig. 1. трผ̂тоv.
'.. As for ${ }_{3}$ the price ..., a talent is sold here at $48 \mathrm{dr} . ;$ and if $\ldots$. is de-
livered to Oxyrhyncha, another 20 dr. So that makes 68 dr in all for the talent. You livered to Oxyrhyncha, another 20 dr . So that makes 68 dr . in all for the talent. You will say, whence this precision ? . . . Heraclas, secretary of Sirion, the one nicknamed
Fig, . . 75 talents for sale on these terms. If Dionysius has brought your loan, go to Fig, ... 75 talents for sale on these terms. If Dionysius has brought your loan, go to day : and God willing, the supporter in the matter of your application will be found within the two days. Diogas says, "I'm spending another mina, beyond the agreement". And I was saying, "I didn't come down on those terms". And he was saying, "Spartacus has told me . ..". . . . of Ammonius are fixed for the 6th, with a strong appeal that they should give me the money. As for the fodder for the pigs, make sure to buy it for me as I asked you when we met. The lord Caesar entered on the 3oth at the and hour, first in the camp . . . to the Serapeum, from the Serapeum to the Hippodrome ( $?$ ) . . . The proceedings in his honour (?) you shall know .... come up river ... I . . . you all. Year 3 of Imperator Caesar Vespasianus Augustus, month Germaniceus 4."

2 . P: the first trace suggests $\eta$ (less probably $\pi$ ); the last is a curve consistent with $a, o, \omega$. One might expect the name of a material sold by weight.
3-4 'and a further 20 dr . if it is delivered to Oxyrhyncha'. In 4 probably кarjacrat $\hat{\eta}$. In 3 perhaps кal ä̀ ... , though the trace looks more like $\underset{d}{ }$ than $\psi$.

6 For C[i]píwoc compare 1044 10; not C[u]pícuoc, for the gap is wide enough only for tor o. 'Icxàc might be 'Icxâc, related to 'Icxupâc and 'Icxupiuv as Capâc to Capanâc and Capa$\pi i \omega v$. But dried fig' makes a more likely nickname: an hetaera is so called in Menander, Colax fr. 4 K.
 which squares with the traces.
to $\delta$ тара́к $\lambda \eta$ тoc: the word seems not to have appeared in the papyri, except as a suspect emendation in BGU 6oI. I2 (see BL iv 5). It may mean 'advocate '; more usually 'one who supports a party in court by simply being present there'. (See Kittel, Theolog. Worterbuch, s.v.) It seems that proceedings under Spartacus' anaphorion were to begin in two days' time; meanwhile they have still to track down an essential supporter. I2

 happen on the 6th ( $\mathbf{I 5}$ ).
14-16 The restoration in 16 seems plausible enough: the same phrase occurs in 2 Corinthians viii 4. We need a plural subject for eicu, perhaps a noun ending in -кelrac.
 mortgagers might well have money to hand over, but the word would be new and without congeners.

I5. The first letter was o or $\omega$, e.g. 14-15 $\delta \delta \epsilon \mid \omega[v . \quad$ The direct speech might end here, or continue.
$19{ }^{\kappa \alpha \hat{q}[c a] \rho: ~} a$ and $\iota$ are very probable, $\rho$ vestigial.
$[\omega \bar{\omega}]$ pac $\bar{\beta}$ : the second hour in Alexandria would be 6.37 to 7.42 A.M., according to Ginzel's table (26784 note).
 -amajutâv looks possible.

21 J $\nu:] \alpha \nu$ or $] \rho$

 no difficulties. immuóv normally means 'cavalry': here it should have a topographical reference, perhaps 'hippodrome' (Audollent, Tabulae Defixionum 187. 59 ̇̇ं т $\bar{\varphi} \hat{i} \pi \pi \kappa \hat{\psi}$ 'Pẃp $\overline{\text { ' ; S Sophocles, Greek Lexicon of the Roman and Byzantine Periods, s.v.). }}$

What city is this ? Memphis and Alexandria both had a camp and a Serapeum. General probability no doubt favours Alexandria; and intuкóv, if it means 'hippodrome', is decisive. Titus followed a natural route, fros through the Canopic gate to the Hippodrome (which stood on the road to Nicopolis, Strabo xvii I. ro).

2 I äктa is a certain reading. The transliterated form of Latin acta is known from inscriptions and literature of the Roman period, where it retains the strict sense of formal 'proceedings', judicial or administrative-thus äкra Пidárov (Justin ap. Migne, PG6. 384 c ,
 (Malalas 443. 20, records of Antioch). Here, I suppose, âkra tôv $\tau \mu \omega \hat{\nu} \nu$ is 'the official record of his reception'. But I find no parallel closer than acta triumphorum.

 too uncertain to confirm it fully.
2726. Letter of Panechotes to Hephaestion

## $7 \times 30 \mathrm{~cm}$.

Second century
This little business letter is entirely concerned with the local registration of two legal documents which have already been registered in Alexandria. The recipient of the letter is asked to present the contracts and the certificates
vol. Xxxiv
of their registration in the central archives to a local notarial office and to obtain a certificate of local registration．It appears，though the wording is not explicit，that the local registration is to be made either at a bank or at a notarial office，designated by the new word vouoypaфєiov．The writer encloses 32 drachmae for expenses but makes provision for a further advance if that should not be enough．

The writing appears to be of the second century．
$\leftrightarrow$

| Парєхб́тךс |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| каi Capari＇ши | Eic Tท̀v $\Delta_{1}$ ¢ $\delta$ ט́uov |

$\tau \hat{\varphi} \tau \epsilon \iota \mu \iota \omega \tau \alpha ́ \tau \omega \iota$
5 रai $\rho \epsilon \iota \nu \cdot \phi \theta \alpha ́ \nu \omega$ $\mu \epsilon ́ \nu$ coı $\delta \in \delta \eta \lambda \omega-$ $\kappa \omega ̀ \subset ~ \eta ̈ \nu ~ Є ̈ \chi \omega ~ \pi \rho o ̀ c ~$ сє сторүク̆́v•каі
vôv $\delta$ è cov̂ $\delta$＇́o $\mu a l$ ，
10 кúpıє，$\mu \eta े \pi \epsilon \rho \iota i ̈ \epsilon \in \hat{\nu}$ $\mu o v \tau \eta े \nu \dot{a} \xi i \omega c \iota \nu$.
 тí co九 тò é $\pi \iota c \tau o ́ \lambda \iota o \nu$



$\kappa \alpha i(\delta \rho \alpha \chi \mu \dot{\alpha} c) \lambda \beta \cdot \tau o ̀ \nu ~ o u ̂ \nu$ тоข́т $\omega \nu$ хрๆратьс－ $\mu \grave{\partial} \nu \in \dot{v} \theta \in ́ \epsilon \omega c, \kappa a \theta \dot{\omega c}$

$\epsilon \tau \in \rho$
єic

$\beta_{\imath} \beta \lambda_{\iota}{ }^{\circ} \hat{\eta}^{\prime}\langle\kappa \eta\rangle \geqslant \ddot{\eta}$ єic тò
＇Нраклєíסov vоно－ rрaфiov．ö $\tau \iota$ oûv ėà $\nu$

 єíc $\tau$ à $\gamma р а \mu \mu \alpha \tau \iota \kappa \alpha ́$, бúcer col ó фí入oc
 катаст $\eta с \omega \cdot$ ё $\rho \rho \omega с о ́$ $35 \mu \circ \iota$ ，ки́рьє，ташоьк $\eta$－ ciá．

Verso
£＇Hфаıcт $\omega$ ．．．
ขороур ．．．．．［．．］
 тісас $\delta \omega \dot{c} \subset \iota \subset$ аข่т $̣$
＇Panechotes to the much－esteemed Hephaestion，alias Sarapion，greeting．I have already shown you the love I have for you，and now I beg you，lord，not to neglect my request．For to the man who delivers the letter to you I have given two centrally registered request．For to the man who delivers the letter to you I have given two centrally registered
documents and the letters for them and 32 drachmae．So after arranging their local registra－ tion quickly，as your custom is，you will give（them）to him or to whatever other safe mes－ senger you approve at the bank of Didymus by the land－registry office or at the notarial office under Heracleides．So whatever you spend you shall report．And if anything is wanting for the scribe＇s fees my friend will give it to you and I shall give it back to him． Fare well，my lord，with all your household．＇

## （Verso）＇To Hephaestion ．．．notar ．．＇


 are letters that the archidicastes has written to the local officials certifying the registration；


 Aegyptus xxxviii，pp． 244 ff ．For the notarial function of banks cf．Preisigke，Girowesen，pp． 278 ff．
 i．e．＇the office of the vomorpodot＇，on whom see Mitteis，Gdz．p． 56 n .7 ．

The natural implication is that the local registration could take place equally well hrough the bank or the notary＇s office．Strictly speaking the writer only says that delivery of the completed dossier should be made at one of these two places，and perhaps the phrasing should not be pressed beyond that．

2727．Letter from Bassus（？）to Eulogius

$$
9 \times 26 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

Third／fourth century
This letter contains an interesting invitation to a holiday trip out of town during the hot weather but is otherwise unremarkable．The verso is blank and there is no address．A possible explanation of this is that both writer and recipient were in Oxyrhynchus，as $\mathfrak{a} \pi \sigma \delta \eta \mu \hat{\eta} c a \iota$（I3）implies，and the delivery was therefore such a simple matter that no address was required．Some letters without addresses were perhaps enclosed in parcels（cf． 2599 introd．）， but that is not indicated here．

The hand is probably of the late third or early fourth century，and the names Eulogius and Gerontius also suggest the early Byzantine period．

## Bácọ Eủdoyíw ả $\delta \in[\lambda \phi \widehat{c}$

 $\chi \alpha i \rho \epsilon \iota \nu$





$\mu \grave{\eta} \dot{\alpha} \mu \epsilon \lambda \eta ́ c \eta c, \alpha ้ \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi \epsilon^{*} \omega c \gamma \dot{\alpha} \rho$



## 


каi $\theta \epsilon \rho \mu \alpha \nu \theta \in ́ v \tau \omega \nu \tau \omega ิ \nu$ ảé－




скидєіс тро̀с＠є́ора тòv скv－
20 тє́a каì Гєрóvтוov тоíncoу

$\mu \alpha \tau \hat{\varphi} \tau \alpha \dot{\alpha}[\gamma \rho]$ ápu $\mu \alpha \alpha^{\text {col }}$ có $\pi \iota-$
фє́ $\rho о \nu \tau \iota$, каi $\Delta \iota o c k o v \rho i ́ \delta \eta \nu$

25 入ov $\delta$ é $\mu \circ \iota \pi a ́ \nu \tau \omega c$.




Bassus（？）to Eulogius，his brother，greeting．You will do me a favour if you speak to Amois about the share of the house that falls to him and report to me how much the price is ；and the same to Apollonius and Theodorus．But see you don＇t neglect it，brother． For，as you know，the need is pressing．I think that the idea of getting away seems reason－ able to you too，since the weather is already getting hot．So if you have any matter in hand， settle it，so that if nothing interferes，we may set out on the tenth．If it is not inconvenient for you，go quickly to Theon the cobbler and to Gerontius and make them come to me along with the man who brings you this letter，and also Dioscurides，the goldsmith．And write to me at all events．
＇I pray for your health，my lord brother，with all your house for a very long time．＇
 but even this is ambiguous，since it would not be clear whether they depend on $\delta \eta \lambda \omega^{\prime}$ cac or， as seems better，on ómuj$\dot{\gamma} c a c$ ．The genitive seems intolerably elliptic，but perhaps the as seems better，on oulinjcac．The genitive seems intolerably elliptic，but pernap

 p． 32 ．

2728．Letter from Capitolinus to Sarapammon

$$
14 \times 25 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

Third／fourth century
The chief interest of this item and the following one lies in the occurrence of the word cá $\mu \beta a \theta o \nu$（ 33 and 2729 9）in contexts which allow us to conclude that it was a container，probably an earthenware pot．It seems quite clear that at least some of the four passages collected in CPJ iii，no． 457 a－d as references to the Sabbath made use of this word in this sense．Only one， 457 d $=903 \mathrm{Ig}$ ，absolutely resists this interpretation．The same word is probably to be recognized in 1290 I cá $\mu \alpha \theta$ ov ė $\lambda \in \in\left[o v ?\right.$ ？${ }^{\text {I }}$

The letter is mostly devoted to matters of business but at the beginning there is an interesting development，unfortunately damaged and otherwise not perfectly lucid，of the routine complaint of not having had a letter lately．

The sheet of papyrus is made up of fragments joined together and is virtually complete，but a few very small pieces are lost．In other places the surface is rubbed．The verso appears to be blank but it is badly discoloured in the region where an address might be expected．

$\{a \delta \in \lambda \phi[\omega]\} \chi \chi a i \rho \epsilon \epsilon \nu \nu^{\bullet} \pi \rho o ̀ ~ \mu \in ̀ \nu ~ \pi \alpha ́ \nu \tau \tau \nu$

$\tau \epsilon \in \kappa \nu \omega[\nu]$ cov $a^{\alpha} \mu \alpha \tau \hat{\eta}$ cu $\mu \beta i^{\prime}[\omega]$ cov






$\gamma \rho a \phi \omega \nu . . . . \mu^{\mu} . \mu \epsilon \nu[..] \tau \alpha \nu \gamma \rho \alpha ́ \mu \mu a \tau \alpha ́$
cov ко $\iota<[\ldots .$.$] ． \alpha с с \omega[.] \cdot \nu о \mu i \zeta \omega$ бѐ öть
ка入óv ध́cтíy［coı $\gamma] \rho a ́ \phi \iota v ~ \hat{\omega े \nu} \lambda a \mu \beta a ́ v \in \iota ~ к а i$
1 I have since noted that the word has also appeared in PSI 829．21．Perhaps cáubarov oüvou（PSI 1423．23）is only a variant spelling．Protessor Xoutie has now told me that the identity of cáputov，cá $\mu \beta a \neq o \nu$ and cápфazov had been suggested to him earlier by Mrs．Ann Hanson．He adds that it may be intended in O．Mich．249，11．2－10，headed $\lambda_{\text {byoc ouvov }} / 2 / \mathrm{ca} \mathrm{\mu}^{(1)}$ ）．For the reading see TAPA 76 （1945），pp．140－2，where he proposed to read a part of cá（cov）．He also refers me to the Coptic cashd $\theta \in=$ cistern，$\delta \in \xi \in \mu \in \nu \dot{\prime}$ ，and compares the word 入akror used as a measure and perhaps related to дáккос；see Crum and Bell，Wadi Sarga，p． 23.








 $\gamma^{\prime}(\nu$.$) то́v \tau \omega \nu \bar{\omega} \nu c \pi(\alpha \theta i \omega \nu) \mu(\tau a \lambda)!.a(\delta \rho .)^{\prime} A \quad \chi \omega \rho i c \tau \eta \bar{c} \pi \rho o-$






 кópıcov Sè Sià $\tau \circ \hat{v}$ av̉тov̂ єic \$ayîv cov $\beta \omega$ -




Across the fibres of the recto, downwards in left margin :
 $\operatorname{cov}[\quad c$. I5 letters

10. 1. סvivaua.
13. 1. ү ү $\dot{\alpha} \phi \in \epsilon$.

29.1. xpeia.
31. 1. фayềv.
36. 1. трохшрє̂̂, outvov.
37. кат' pap.
'Capitolinus to Sarapammon, his brother, greeting. Before all I pray for your health with (that of) your children and your wife before the lord God. I am surprised that even now when Horigenes comes to me you let me known nothing about anything. I know that I weigh heavily upon you. Let part be set aside (?). For among philosophers silence is an answer. Could not I too refuse to answer ? But all the same I . . . writing (and ?) . . when I receive your letter(s ?). . . And I think that is proper to write you what the man receives and what he pays out. Even before this I wrote you an itemized account (and
sent it) by Didymus ; now too I write it. sent it) by Didymus; now too I write it.
'Item. When (they ?) came to Egypt . . . Horigenes, ro spathia of wine, as I wrote,
sold at $1,800 \mathrm{dr}$., total 3 talents. And for the month of Pachon . . . spathia of very old (wine) and for the month of Payni another 3 spathia. And of these 20 spathia were sold in the same way as all (the rest ?) at $1,600 \mathrm{dr}$., total 5 talents $2,000 \mathrm{dr}$. And for the month of the same way as all (the rest ?) at 1,600 dr., total 5 talents $2,000 \mathrm{dr}$. And for the month of
Mesore, on the 6 th, another 10 spathia at $1,700 \mathrm{dr}$., total 2 talents $5,000 \mathrm{dr}$. Total for these forty spathia, II talents I,000 dr., apart from the arrears which 1 have communicated to you before.
' Now too accept delivery through the same Horigenes for the same month of Mesore another xo spathia of wine. Let these too be sold at 1,700 dr. So then send the price of these to me in a sealed purse. . . . For there is a shortage of cash. The price of my orders will be deducted from your previous arrears. And receive through the same messenger for your own consumption a jar of oil, I chous and a half. If you can, send off 2 ounces of pepper and a jar of pickled mullet with my previous orders. And send on hall a chous or honey,
 your district oil is fetching more than wine, let me know. (I greet) all our friends by name. I pray for your health.'

8 ảmoтaүरी $\mu^{\text {époc. }}$ I find this very abrupt and puzzling. Literally, 'Let part be set aside '. Does he intend, 'I don't mean all I say'? But the sequence of thought to the next sentence is then obscure.
$9 \pi a p \grave{\alpha}$ ф $\lambda_{\text {locó } \phi \phi 0[\iota c] \text {. Possibly }-[v] \text { ? 'Silence from a philosopher is an answer ?' }}$
Io-I2 The surface is abraded here and some small fragments are missing. The though may be, 'But nevertheless I go on writing to you and answer when I get your letters'.

16 The interlineation is rubbed and illegible to me and its intended position in the might be expected from 25, but it seems not to suit. The case of $\pi \rho a \theta_{\text {éveun in }}$ in seems to suggest that avirầ refers to goods rather than people but the grammar is puzzling.
eic Alyurrov. Probably from Alexandria rather than from anywhere that we would regard as outside Egypt.
$22 \overline{\mathrm{~s}}$. Presumably the day is specified at this point only because this letter accompanies a second shipment for the month of Mesore, see 25 seq.

28 ย̇єфраучснévov. Read $-\eta \nu$ or $-\omega$.
ì rpaxalote. This seems to be new. The next sentence suggests that he is asking either for cash or for quick delivery. rooxiac means a messenger (Hesych.) and rooxiac xa入кóc means cast bronze (Poll. vii ro5). One of these may be relevant ; rpaxúc seems not to be. ${ }^{3 \mathrm{I}} \beta \omega \mid$ 多ov. Cf. 25968 and note. The doubtful letter is represented by a stroke sing from below to the foot of iota.

35 Read «ávra $\langle\tau \dot{a}\rangle \tau[\hat{\eta} \subset \tau] \mu \hat{\eta} \mathrm{c}$
whole of the margin was used, there was room for about 15


## 2729. Letter from Dioscurides to Aouileus

$$
18 \times 27 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

Fourth century
Apart from the occurrence of the word cá $\mu \beta a \theta o v$ ( 9 , see 2728 Introd.), this letter is full of novelties relating to currency, weights and measures. Unfortunately the unreliable spelling and grammar increase the difficulties of understanding them, and it abounds in such vulgar bye-forms as $\xi_{\beta} \beta a \lambda \alpha$ (I8), $\epsilon \dot{\epsilon} \mid \pi \lambda \eta \eta^{\prime} \rho \omega \kappa \alpha$ (2I), $\delta \eta c(=\delta \hat{\varphi} \subset 23$ ), $\dot{\alpha} \phi \eta \kappa \in c$ (imperative ? 30).

Another peculiarity is the presence of a rough breathing（39），since they are relatively rare in documents（e．g．P．Fay．I22，P．Strassb．I69，P．Ryl．624， 122，2711）and this document has no claim to any of the literary accomplish－ ments with which lectional signs are usually associated．

The sheet of papyrus is broken into two across the middle between lines II and I2，but the resultant damage is slight．
 є̀v кข̣рі́ $\omega \quad \chi \epsilon ́ \rho \epsilon \iota \nu$.





 vav́тоv са́ $\mu \beta \alpha \theta$ ov $a^{\prime}$ é $\chi \omega \nu$ áp $\gamma v$ piov $\mu v \rho(\iota a ́ \delta a c) ~ ' B \psi^{\prime}$ ．
то ó $\mu \circ i(\omega c) \kappa o ́ \mu \iota c o v ~ \delta \iota(\dot{\alpha}) \pi \lambda o i ́ o v ~ ' A \beta a ́ v \eta c ~ \pi \lambda o i o v ~ \eta ’ \delta i ́-~$




 каi ó à de入фóc $\mu$ оv $\Delta \iota o ́ c к о \rho о с ~ к а i ~ \pi a ́ \lambda \iota \nu ~ \pi \epsilon ́ \mu \pi \omega ~$









Across the fibres of the recto，downwards in the left margin ：
25 є́ста́катаı соь каі＇I $\mathrm{I} \omega a \nu \nu o v$ єєтас кєфа入єшта̀с
 є＂ঠ̀ $\eta$ каì $\pi \epsilon ́ \mu \psi o v ~ \mu о 七 ~ \tau \alpha \chi u ́ . ~$

Verso $\leftrightarrow$
 $\chi^{i} c \zeta \mu a \tau \alpha$ $\left.{ }^{\prime} \delta\right\rangle$



 $\gamma v ́ \rho \omega \nu$

$35 a^{\prime} \delta \epsilon$ ．＂$\mu v \rho(\iota a ́ \delta \omega \nu) \lambda \eta^{\prime}$ тò ap．ov $\mu v \rho(\iota \alpha ́ \delta \omega v)$ т．＇tò c $\pi \alpha \tau \iota o v \mu v-$ $\rho(\iota \alpha ́ \delta \omega \nu) \nu^{\prime}$ каì $\nu \beta^{\prime}$ то̀ $\chi$ व́ $\lambda \kappa с \mu \alpha$
 $\theta \epsilon \lambda o ́ \mu \epsilon \nu a \cdot \pi \epsilon ́ \mu \psi о \nu \mu \circ ч$
 $\psi \lambda^{\prime} \cdot \epsilon i{ }^{\prime} \delta o-$
 Чораи тод入入̀
 ${ }^{2} A \mu \nu c$
 ．．．．．．${ }^{\circ}$











40.1.


＇To my lord brother Aquileus Dioscurides sends greetings in the Lord．Before all I pray to the lord God about your health．I wonder why up to the present day you have sent me not a single letter．Whether（you are）well or ill（），spend two silver coins and write to me．Receive off the ship of our bishop Theodorus from Elias the sailor one sambathon
containing 2,700 myriads（of drachmae）．Likewise receive off the ship of Abanes，a private ship，another（pot），one double knidion containing another 4，000 myriads（of drachmae） in cash．Together the two pots total I myriad of talents， 700 myriads（of drachmae）．Like－ wise receive off the same ship of Abanes two hundredweight of iron，the two containing 48 matia．Take shares therefore，you and my brother Dioscorus，and 1．shall send you others again．For the price or the ship during the night Likewise I have sent you by the ship of Horigenes，son of Heras，I omphakera of first－class wine（？），so that you have bought 25 omphakerae so far．I have already paid him in full for the pots as far as the delivery of them is concerned．So do not give him anything．If you receive these things，write to me．And I have heard that you and John have ．．appointed headmen（？）．So buy containers together，you and Dioscorus，and send them to me quickly．But do not be negligent，my lord brother．Buy fine containers together and send containers to me，either the local litra，or ．．．litra，or konkhismata or bronze vessels or spathia or at any rate do not abandon me．I sit idly alone．For I am in our storehouse．For I cannot stir from my storehouse． Everything you want has been bought at great expense．They are currently circulating in the storehouses at 25 silver coins the litron of 16 （？）ounces and at 20 silver coins the local litron of thirteen ounces，the konkhisma of the first $\left[a^{\prime}=\left(\pi \rho \rho{ }^{\prime}\right.\right.$ rov $)$ ，or ${ }^{\text {＇}}$ same $\left.{ }^{\text {＇}}, a^{\prime}=a(\dot{v} r o \hat{v}) ~ P\right]$ ．．．at 38 myriads（of drachmae），the argon（？）at 3 ？P（？）myriads（or drachmae），the spathin alents Everything you want has been acquired．Send me a cloth（ $?$ ）and I shall send you cash．The solidus to－day stands at 730 myriads（of drachmae）．If you please，send me a spathion of fish sauce and a jar of pickles．Many greetings to Helene and Choous with their mother Hanu．And say to my brother Amys，＂Do not believe that I am your enemy＂． If you wish to send（a letter ？），．．．opportunity．I pray for your health．＇
（Address）＇Deliver to Aquileus from his brother Dioscurides．＇
 cannot do better with the letters．Possibly the neuter plural of the adjectives has an ad－ verbial force－＇whether things go well or ill，write ．．．－or possibly it refers to some goods the writer and recipient were dealing in－＇write（and tell）me if they were rotten or good＇．T äprupa．Not yet in $W B$ ，but see P．Strasb．330．3．I do not know what silver coin is

 apyopóv．The rồro may imply，what seems not unlikely，that more than one coin was called appypov，and the miliarense is itself not certainly identified with surviving coins，v．Mick－ witz，Die Systeme des rom．Silbergeldes im Iik＇anrh．n．Chr．，pp．28－3I．Another possibility is the siliqua（ $\kappa \epsilon \rho \dot{\rho} \pi t o v)$ ，probably much
there might be a verbal equivalence also．
I think that no conclusion about the cost of postage could be drawn even if we could identify the coins，because it is not clear whether two apropa would cover all the charges for materials，services of a scribe and carriage．The writer obviously implies that it was cheap．
 I have not understood how raגávruv $\mu v \rho \rho_{\text {ác }}$ was written．It was not as below in line $1 \%$ ． The third trace from the end may be a $\delta$ ，suggesting perhaps an oblique case of $\mu v \rho t a c^{c}$ ．
$14{ }^{\kappa} \in \boldsymbol{\nu}($（ ）．Also in Pap．Lugd．Bat．xi 1．I9．
I A new possibility is suggested by P．Yale 79，where carpóc is applied to coins．Here it may agree with äpyupa，with the implication that the money spent on the letter need not even be in good coin．
$\tau^{\prime} \varphi c$. Perhaps $=\gamma \epsilon, v$ ．Tabachovitz，Études，pp．7o seqq．

18 êvl．Cf．P．Amh． 143.5 （p．175）rpodîa oủk êvl roîc ßóce，
20 о́яфакทра́．See 1870 ェ2－13 n．and P．Abinn． 3 I．I3 n．
$\pi \rho \omega \tau(\epsilon \operatorname{lov})$ ．If this is right the order
$23 \delta \eta$ ．Equals $\delta \hat{c}$, cf． 259934 n ．
23 爰c．Equals $\delta \hat{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{c}$ ，ct． 259934 n ．
25 The meaning of this sentence is very much obscured by the lack of grammatical accuracy．The readings are clear．écrókarau：according to Mayser $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{ii}, \mathrm{p}$. г47，écraкa is only used transitively，cf．Moulton－Howard，Grammar of N．T．Greek，p．24r．cou kai＇＇Twápoov： it seems that the cases should be the same．eirac requires correction＇；$\epsilon \tau a\{c\}$ seems simplest， but is hard to translate unless it turns the statement into a question．Read perhaps écrákare ci кaì＇I＇wávpךс єi̊ra кєфа入awтóc，＇you and John have appointed headmen again＇，but it seems more likely that they were appointed than that they made the appointment．For кє申алаuш－ rab see Oertel，Die Liturgie，pp． 225 seqq．
$27 \mathrm{ei} \delta \eta$ ．This appears to refer to types of container，which were also measures of capacity；cf．CPR 232．II seq．àv
 not quite clear whether the containers are filled or not．If so，the contents may be wine．
 33 veron and a neuter version of $\lambda$ icoa－to Mevońcov $\lambda$ irpetv．The unresolved abbreviation seems to be a monogram of $\pi \rho$ ，or possibly $\pi$ with a long vertical intersecting it．
 （ibid．p．rr8）．

30 афпкєс．Apparently for äфєс．The punctuation in this line and the following is
 apyâc（perhaps read ápyoc）．The next stop may belong before $\mu$ óvoc rather than after it．


33 ．The doubtful figure is a rounded one．If the ounce is the same size in both cases，the proportion of the prices $(20 / 25)$ suggests 15 ；$u$ is a possibility，also perhaps $i \delta$ ．
 expression in 35 seq ．to xank a

35 ro ap ov．The doubtful letter appears to be $\%$ or $\tau$ ，but I have not found a receptacle or measure so spelt．Perhaps compare Coptic oprwr P．Lond． 163 v v 3，with note on ii 2 ；perhaps also PSI 837． 7 tó dpyò $\delta \epsilon \subset \mu(\delta \iota v$.
$\mu \nu \nu() \nu^{\prime} \kappa a i \nu \beta^{\prime}$ ．The two prices for this measure alone are puzzling．
37 кататлогv．New．Possibly $=$ кад́ámлана，
ish tho lish the date at all closely．It should be well within the fourth century，ct．（you will find）＇，
40 ekgovelav．The sense is perhaps，＇If you wish to send（me a letter），（you or＇you have＇，or the like－＇an opportunity＇．The last half－dozen letters are badly rubbed．

2730．Letter from Horion

$$
9 \times 14.4 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

Fourth century
An incoherent letter whose matter is of some interest．A water－wheel has been stolen；Horion suspects the village police of wilful negligence，and
asks Heraclius to send down an order for their arrest ' at the petition of Sarapion the gymnasiarch'; he himself will escort them (to Oxyrhynchus). The local police, that is, could be held responsible for their negligence and taken into custody for questioning : the same situation in P. Gron. p. 53 (and cp. Oertel, Die Liturgie, p. 267). Sarapion no doubt owned the estate from which the wheel had been stolen, Horion was his agent. What is remarkable is the procedure. Normally the official addressed (perhaps the strategus) would answer Sarapion's petition with an order-to-arrest sent to the police. Here the agent applies privately to a minor official, whose superior is to seal a warrant authorizing the agent to arrest the police. A tribute to the gymnasiarch's influence.
' $\rho i \omega \nu \quad$ 'Нраклі' $\omega$

$\tau \iota \pi \lambda \omega \mu a ́ \tau \iota o \nu \subset \phi \rho a \gamma \iota-$


є่к入є́тTך $\mu \eta \chi \alpha \nu \grave{\nu} \nu \dot{\eta}^{-}$



10 тov èvtvरóvтoc Capani-



$\mu \epsilon ́ v o v \cdot \mu \epsilon \lambda \eta c a ́ \tau \omega$ col $\delta \epsilon ́$,

cı $\tau \hat{\eta} c$ oiкiac $\hat{\eta} \mu \hat{\omega} \nu \dot{\epsilon} \nu$
$\pi \alpha v \tau i ̀ \pi \rho \hat{a} \gamma \mu \alpha$ $\mu \hat{a} \lambda o \nu$


20 Пє́кvсь ọ̀ŋךда́тך.
є่ $\rho \rho \omega \hat{c} \theta a t \in \cup ้ \chi о \mu a \iota$.

'Horion to his very dear Heraclius, greetings. Let him seal me a warrant against the authorities of Enteiis (since a water-wheel of ours has been stolen in the country)-the estate-guard and the officers of the peace and the head-policeman-on the petition of Sarapion the gymnasiarch, so that I can bring them up on the tenth when I come up. See to it, since they have contempt enough for our house in every matter, especially this headto it, since they have contempt enough for our house in every matter, especially this head
policeman. I have sent the corn by Pekysis the donkey-driver. I pray for your health.'
 (the characteristic formula èvoxóvioc . . . in ro-II). The diminutive does not appear in the $W B$ or in LSJ.
¢ф $\rho$ ayl $\mid$ cáce: : the surviving orders-to-arrest sometimes carry a seal, see 2576 introduction. The subject of the imperative is not made explicit: very probably the strategus. 4-10 $\delta \eta \mu 0 \mid$ ciove: on the village authorities see P. Achmim, pp. 6I seqq.-the lists
 whether Horion enumerates all the $\delta$ nuóctoo in 7 seqq. or merely specifies some of them. In normal circumstances (e. P Cair. Isid 129. 2) the $\delta$ nuócoo carry out arrests; here they n normal circumstances (e.g. P. Cair. Isid. arrested, as perhaps at P. Abinn. 29. II.
17-18 I have translated this on the assumption that roûrov rov̀ di.px' $\phi \omega \delta$ ov is a mistake for the nominative. But it may be better to put a stop before $\mu \hat{\alpha}\rangle\langle\lambda\rangle_{o \nu}$, assuming that the accusative construction is resumed from $7-10$.

Verso. A single line by a different hand. I cannot deciphre it.
2731. Letter from Maximus
$18.8 \times 26.9 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Fourth/fifth century
A letter of remonstrance, written on thick and coarse papyrus in an elongated, slap-dash cursive.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \tau \hat{\eta} \kappa v \rho i i_{a} \mu \text { оv } \quad \mu \eta \tau \rho i \quad \text { Zqvoßia }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { rov̂ тросєрхонє́vov каі т } ̀ \nu \text { с } ̀ \nu \\
& 5 \stackrel{\alpha}{\alpha} \mu i \mu \eta \tau о \nu \delta \iota^{\prime} \theta \epsilon c \iota \nu \pi \rho о с \epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu .
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mu \eta ̀ ~ a ̉ \mu \epsilon \lambda \eta ́ с \eta \subset ~ v v к т о ̀ с ~ к а і ~ \eta ๋ \mu є ́ \rho а с ~
\end{aligned}
$$


${ }^{15}$ тov̂ $\mu \epsilon \pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \iota \epsilon ́ v \alpha \iota ~ \pi \rho o ̀ c ~ \dot{v} \mu \hat{a} c \cdot \pi \alpha ́ \lambda \alpha \iota \mu[\grave{\iota} \nu$







єข้ชо $\mu \alpha$ то入[ $\lambda о \hat{c} с$
хро́vouc.

25
$\chi \alpha i \rho \epsilon \iota \nu$.
2. $\epsilon \overline{k \omega} \overline{\theta \omega}$,
íac. 9. кат'.
10. c of ce W
20. їцас
15. ij $\mu a c$.
2I. кar'.

'To my lady mother Zenobia, Maximus, greetings in the lord God. Now at last I have the opportunity which I have prayed for of finding someone who is visiting you and of greeting your inimitable disposition. Greet my wife Salamai from me. My mother Rufina sends her best wishes to you. Greet my brothers from me, each by name. Once, twice,
three times I have told you to send my wife, and you have refused. Well now exert yourself night and day to send my wife. For . . . of my visiting you. You too have known for a long time that my lord the praepositus is not releasing anyone. I implore you, write back to me about your health so that my heart may be lightened without delay (?). I greet all those who love you, each by name. I pray you may have good health for many years.'


I4 $\kappa \lambda \in \frac{o c}{}$ : the first letter is $\kappa$, rather than $\epsilon$; unless the word continued from line 13 ,


 an anomalous hypsilon. The sentence probably ended with $\pi \rho \dot{\partial} c \dot{\nu} \mu \hat{\alpha} c$ in $15:$ for $\pi a ́ d a u ~ \mu \grave{e ̀ \nu}$ cf. 15939 ; the trace is against $\pi$ ádar" ${ }^{\circ}[\lambda \lambda \dot{a}$. The general drift may be: 'I glory in visiting you, but you know that I can't get away'. But, as Turner remarks, тô̂ $\mu \grave{\eta}$ пaptévae
 and not visiting you'. (The alternative 'She is my pride and joy. As for my visiting


 apply to Zenobia uniess the genders are muddled.) At the end perhaps eivouricuu[au (for the middle cf. P. Herm. Rees 5. 29).

## 2732. Business Letter

$$
30 \times 25 \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

This Byzantine business letter mentions places in the Delta and was probably sent from there to Oxyrhynchus sometime in the sixth century. To judge from the vulgar Greek the writer was not of very high rank but he delivered a letter to a tribune and wanted his information to reach a certain count.
$\downarrow$

## $\Pi(\quad)$








 тоv̂ $\pi \lambda o i o v ~ \pi a \rho \in ́ \chi \omega . ~$


 кv́pıc

 $\pi a^{\prime} \nu \in v^{\prime} \delta \epsilon ́-$
 ко́ $\mu \in \tau \alpha$
 Харьâc єै $¢ \chi є \tau \epsilon$.

Back




 15．1．Kшистаитгоит тросаше́vєчкоv，ко́нєти．
＇Immediately upon（？）my arrival in Pelusium I delivered your Excellency＇s letter to the tribune Aphthonius and after reading it he spoke，saying，＂I received all the stores in full．．．．But since I believe that the biscuit and the salt fish and other goods disappeared and God alone knows that I tried long ago to load them on a boat，and it was for this reason his Excellency pleases to send a man of his own I shall hand over these goods immediately．＂ And the lord Aphthonius said，＂I shall pay the freight charges of the boat also＂So it pleases your Highness to send one of the slaves，these goods shall be sent off The sam man pays his respects to your ＇As for your friend，when I delivered
And the lord Theognostus spoke to him too and he said，＂I owe nothing＂．But when we were in the lock，he said，＂At Thmouis I shall settle accounts with your Honour＂．

So far（？）no－one has arrived from the all－happy city of Constantinople．If anyone comes I shall ask for news of the affairs of the lord the count，and write to your Highness And I hope in the lord God that you（？）walk in joy．Report these same things to the lord the count．＇
${ }^{2}$ \＃d́pavqa rộ $\dot{\alpha} \pi a \nu \tau \hat{\eta} \alpha a i ~ \mu \epsilon$ ．A very rare usage，to judge from the single reference in ，but the traces seem to suit．
 $\epsilon \phi \eta$ 入є́ $\gamma \omega \nu$ ；cf．Mayser I，p． 64 for $\epsilon=\eta$ ．
$\int^{5}$ povk $\langle\kappa\rangle \in\langle\langle\lambda\rangle$ arov．Not in $W B$ ；थ．Sophocles，Lexicon．The meaning and the grammar of this sentence are not clear．avia（6）apparently refers not to povkкємגãov etc． but further back to кє入入apıќa．The grammar is slightly improved by omitting the кai at the beginning of line 7 ，but the expression is still confused．I think the direct speech of Aphthonius continues to the first mapé $\chi \omega$ in line 9 ．

I2 aveyvot．This seems to contain a substitution of -0 for $-\omega$ ，taken over from the phenomenon familiar in the subjunctive（cf．P．Mich． 5 ro． 24 n ．），and therefore I suppose
 olute
$13 \zeta_{\epsilon v}\langle y\rangle \mu a \pi u$ ．Mr．Skeat suggests that the reference might be to Zeugma on the I4 téwc．Possibly not temporal，but simply the equivalent of quidem or certe，of Tabachovitz，Etudes，pp． 70 ft

$\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \rho \gamma$ व̧́opat．Cf．Tabachovitz，Etudes，pp． 69 f ．for the meaning＇enquire＇，＇ask for news＇


## INDEXES

（The figures 26 are to be supplied before 85－99，the figures 27 before 00－32．Figures in small raised type refer to fragments，small roman numerals to columns．An asterisk indicates Scott Greek－English Lexicon Square brackets indicate that a word is wholly or partly supplied from other sources or by conjecture．A word completely restored in this way is not indexed if it supplements a literary text．If it supplements a document it may be indexed．The article is not indexed．）

## I．NEW LITERARY TEXTS

（a）Poetic Text（2685）

| ＇A Áápac $85 \times 19$ <br> ä入oхос $85^{\text {I }}$ I6 <br> ä́n $85^{15} 14$ ？ <br> áxoc $85 \times 6,6$ |
| :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bap- } 85 \text { I } 10 \\ & \text { Racî̀eca } 85 \mathrm{I}_{15} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |
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|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
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| cita $85{ }^{1} 14$ ？ |
| е́ $\mu$ о́c $85{ }^{\text {² }}$ 8， 21 ？ |
| $t^{2} \mathrm{y}$［ $855^{2}$ 10］ |
| e่mi $85{ }^{\text { }} 6,7$ |
|  |

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vol．Xxxiv

| 枵 854 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Өádauoc $85{ }^{\text { }} 4$ ？ | －¢ٌ $85 \pm 22$ |
|  | $\pi a \rho \in \dot{\chi} \boldsymbol{\prime}$ |
| Káduoc $85{ }^{1} 22$ | $\pi a r \nmid \rho 85^{ \pm} 22$ |
| кai $85{ }^{\text { }} 8$ ，10，${ }^{2}$ I5，${ }^{3}$ ， 5 | тоaivvel $85{ }^{2} 12$ |
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| $k \tau \hat{\mu} \mu 85^{2}{ }^{15}$ <br> кข入 $\langle\nu \delta \epsilon \omega[85 \mathrm{I} 7]$ |  |
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|  |  |
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| otkoc $85{ }^{1} 21$ |  |
| otktooc $85{ }^{\text {－}} 5$ ？ |  |
| оноiwc $85{ }^{2} 17$ | $\hat{\omega}^{6} 85^{\text {x }}$ I |
| орай $855^{1}$ I9 | $\omega^{\text {c }} 85^{1} 7$ |

（b）Prose Texts（2686－9）



адикєิे 86 ， 13
äधтос 87 iv 16
aicf $\begin{gathered}\text { ncuc } \\ \text {［ } 87 \text { iv } 20]\end{gathered}$ airiáa $86 \mathrm{I}_{4}\left[\begin{array}{lll}87 \\ \mathrm{~V} & 19\end{array}\right]$

${ }^{2} \lambda$ coc 87 ii 12 ${ }_{\text {än }}^{\alpha \mu} \beta$ роотос 87 ii ir


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& \delta \dot{x} \chi \in \operatorname{coc} 87 \mathrm{iv} 25
\end{aligned}
$$

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épề．See $\lambda$ té $\overline{\text { end }}$


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そう $\eta$ Keciv 88 ？

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\％ 8 V $\begin{gathered}\mathrm{V} 29 \\ {[87 \text { iv }}\end{gathered}$
ůsoc［87 iv 13］
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